# THE MEREDITH EAGLE.

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### DEAD.

We count the broken lyres that rest
Where the sweet wailing singers slumber,
But o'er their silent sister's breast
The wild flowers who will stoop to number?
A few can touch the magic string,
And noisy fame is proud to win them;
Alas! for those that never sing,
But die with all their music in them!

Nay, grieve not for the dead alone,
Whose song has told their heart's sad story;
Weep for the voiceless, who have known
The cross without the crown of glory!
Not where Leucadian breezes sweep
O'er Sappho's memory-haunted billow,
But where the glistening night-dews weep
On nameless sorrow's churchyard pillow.

Oh, hearts that break and give no sign,
Save whitening lips and faded tresses,
Til Death pours out his cordial wine,
Slow dropped from misery's crushing presses!
If singing breath or echoing chord
To every hidden pang were given,
What endless melodies were pouréd,
As sad as earth, as sweet as heaven:

## MARRYING OFTEN.

The events which I am about to relate in the following pages came under my notice a few years ago, while I was preaching to a small congregation in a New England village. I was quite a young man then, newly married, and it was my first charge. Both my wife and myself had been brought up in Boston, and the vast difference between that city and Perryville disgusted my wife very much.

The people, though somewhat uncultivated, were kind and hospitable; and the parsonage, if not a city house, was still comfortable. We received a donation party a few days after we moved into our new home, and a most substantial one it was; bags and bushel baskets of potatoes, jars of butter, lard, pickles, bread, cake, pies, preserves, and many other articles "too numerous to mention." From the hospitality and generosity shown by my new neighbors I became very favorably impressed, and it is ever my habit to look on the bright side.

But as time wore on, and I became better acquainted with my congregation, I became aware of many things which caused me a great deal of pain. Many a tragedy occurred among those beautiful green hills which was buried in the hearts of those who committed it, and only suspected by those around, who were too indifferent to investigate it. But in the second year of my stay in Perryville, something occurred which aroused even the most apathetic.

Perryville did not even boast a post-office, but its daily mail was dispensed (together with its family groceries) at "the store." It was a great "loafing" place, and most of the men in the neighborhood assembled there nightly to exchange ideas on those subjects which commonly interest the New England farmer.

One evening, in the spring of 1870, as I went for my mail as usual on the arrival of the stage, I found such an uproar that I could not make myself heard; so I seated myself on a keg and waited till the storekeeper should see fit to return to his duties. Suddenly the voice of Charlie Horr, the wildest young fellow in that part of the country, rose above the confusion, and he read aloud an advertisement from a paper which he held in his hand:—

"'A lady wishes to correspond with some gentleman with a view to matrimony. Address, Young Widow, Boston.'"

"That's business!" shouted Charlie, as he finished reading.

Much laughter and considerable chaffing ensued, for among the crowd were two forlorn widowers, who were supposed to be prowling about in search of wives. One of them had, in fact, offered himself and his little rocky farm to all the widows and old maids in that section of the country, and was a standing jest in every one's mouth. I heard about "Uncle Azariah" before I had been in Perryville a week.

Finally Frank Thompson, the storekeeper, and one of the widowers, declared his intention of answering the advertisement and having "some fun out of the affair." It proved to be something more than fun to one of the party. But this is anticipating.

Having obtained my mail I returned home, leaving Charles Horr and Frank Thompson busy in concocting a letter.

Judging by the results, the letter was favorably answered, for in course of time the little settlement at Perryville was astonished by the appearance of a strange woman at the storekeeper's bachelor dwelling. She kept very quiet, however, and although the store was directly across the street from the "meeting-house," the stranger did not appear, and after a while curiosity died out, as the fire that has no fuel.

A few weeks afterward it blazed up again more violently than ever, when it became noised about the country that Azariah Vaughn had at last found a wife, and that his bride was Frank Thompson's mysterious housekeeper.

Now the said Azariah was not a strikingly comely young man. He was, on the contrary, upward of sixty, fleshy and coarse looking; so that every voice was ready to declare that the unknown had married "poor Azariah" for his property.

But after Azariah's numerous relatives had all been "visitin'," and had partaken of the new Mrs. Vaughn's snowy biscuits and her other well-cooked viands, and had taken note of how attentive she was to "poor Azariah," they changed their minds, and thus, after a season, gradually influenced the minds of the whole community, till one and all arose and "went visitin'" also.

Mrs. Vaughn showed no resentment at these tardy visits, but received every one most graciously, and donned her best coiffure for the occasion.

I say donned, for it was obviously false, to a married man, at least. The said coiffure consisted of a mass of flowing curls. How Mrs. Azariah (as she was called to distinguish her from the numerous other Mrs. Vaughns) would have looked with her hair plainly dressed, I really cannot say; but with such a huge artificial mass of conspicuously false hair, she looked, to me, wiry and dangerous.

Before Mr. Vaughn had been married quite a year, people began to notice his failing health. His once ruddy face looked pale and sallow, and his flesh grew flabby. But he still continued to do the work of his little farm as he had done for years.

About this time he commenced holding meetings at his house on Sunday. Church services in the country, as many are aware, begin at ten or half-past, and close about three, with no service in the evenings. Sometimes, on a pleasant evening, my wife and I would be present at one of the Vaughn's meetings; but it was a long drive from the parsonage, and we could not return the same night, and for that reason did not very often attend. Mr. Vaughn usually led the meeting when no minister was present, and read a sermon which he had prepared some time during the week. I never heard one of these sermons, as when I was present I was always expected to take charge of the meeting, but by his friends and neighbors they were considered wonderful productions.

In the second year of his marriage Azariah took to his bed. His health and strength had been gradually failing, until at last he gave up the contest and sent for the doctor.

A council was held, and his disease finally pronounced cancer of the stomach. There were two very decided symptoms, viz., an intense, burning pain in that region, and inability to retain anything he ate or drank.

The Sunday-evening meetings were still kept up, at Azariah's request, and from his sick bed he would listen to the services, while once he spoke quite affectingly. But this was toward the close of his life.

Mrs. Vaughn made herself very popular during his illness. She was very attentive to his wants and allowed no one but herself to administer the medicines. At the meetings she seated every one, led in the singing several times, and spoke more than once.

Toward spring Azariah failed rapidly, and finally died in the latter part of February. I was at home at the time. I had accompanied my wife on a short visit to Boston, and when I returned I found Mr. Vaughn dead and buried. His disease was a puzzle to the doctors, and there was some talk of a cadaveric autopsy; but the widow was opposed to it, and so the subject was finally dropped.

The meetings were continued for several Sunday evenings—in fact till along in the summer, when at one of the meetings Mrs. Vaughn neglected to avail herself of her religious privileges, but remained all the evening in the parlor, in company with a man from a neighboring town. The place of meeting was therefore removed to another house.

This created a great deal of talk, some siding with the lady, but the majority against her. It soon faded from the memories of the people, however, till she contracted a second bridal, or, in reality, a third, for she was a widow when she first made her appearance in Perryville.

While the newly and much married lady was enjoying her honeymoon, strange rumors began to float about the country. It was said that disreputable men had been seen to stop at the widow's during her short widowhood, and that she had furnished them with hard cider, which is the universal intoxicating liquor in the rural districts of Vermont.

It was also stated positively by two of Azariah's near relatives, who rode to the grave in the same carriage with the widow, that she was too much overcome—with grief or cider—to sit up alone on that occasion, and even went to sleep in the parlor when the funeral sermon was being preached.

One other rumor was that she had been the means of her first husband's death, by giving him some powders recommended as a cure for drunkenness, thus curing him most certainly.

Mrs. Vaughn's new husband was a tavern-keeper, and not one of the most highly respected citizens of the community; and this marriage, so soon after the death of her first husband, did much toward turning the tide of public opinion against her. Exactly who or what set the ball rolling I do not know; but about this time among the relatives of Azariah there began to be a good deal of dissatisfaction that the autopsy had not been made. I knew of this, but still, I must say, I was astonished by the intelligence which one day spread like wildfire over the country; that Azariah's body had been disinterred, and his stomach sent to Boston. There were whispers of foul play, too.

I saw Mrs. Dooley (as she was now called) a few days after this occurred, and she wore her customary independent and somewhat jovial demeanor. It must have required nerves of steel.

A few days, and a telegram from Boston, calling for Azariah's brain, liver and intestines. These were accordingly sent. In about a week intelligence came that arsenic had been found in large quantities in all of these organs, leaving no doubt in anyone's mind as to the cause of poor Azariah's death.

Still, there was nothing to prove who administered the poison, or where it came from. He might have taken it himself, day after day, year after year. He might, but it was not probable. Then the doctor might have given it to him; but this, too, was rather improbable.

Besides these theories there were no others advanced for a while, but people did a good deal of thinking about that time. A detective came down from Boston to inquire about the matter, and finding that there had been two other deaths in Mrs. Dooley's past, left to report the fact at Boston, and find out if possible where they occurred, that the bodies might be analyzed; for it is a curious fact that arsenic remains insoluble, and though years may elapse it still remains a powerful but silent witness.

But the Perryvillians, being unused to keeping secrets, allowed the matter to leak out, and one day Mrs. Dooley was missing. She knew where those forgotten graves were, and her object was to anticipate the detectives. When, at last, some men from Boston secretly opened the graves, they found them vacant, and the occupants were never discovered.

Mrs. Dooley never returned to Perryville, and Mr. Dooley still mourns the loss of his bride.

The motives for the crime are insufficient; although it was found that the little farm had been privately sold to one of Mr. Dooley's friends, yet it was not worth a very large amount. For a woman to marry a man and live years of hypocrisy and deception while slowly poisoning him, and all for a few hundred dollars, seems incredible, but it is true.

## LIFTING THE VEIL.

### Pen Pictures of the Mormons with Their Many Resources.

### Where will the Saints Go To Now?

Utah was considered most unpromising, agriculturally, when the advance guard of saints reached there, a year prior to the date of the treaty by which Mexico ceded a part of then Upper California to the United States. Nearly the entire region of what is now the territory was asserted to be hopelessly sterile, and most of it might have remained so but for the extraordinary energy and hard work of the Mormons, who, to this day, mainly support themselves by husbandry. From the first settlement there has been little rain—it has increased of late—and irrigation has in consequence been necessary almost everywhere. The soil is generally fertile when water is applied to it, and the saints have rendered it fruitful by irrigation wherever they have settled. Corn, wheat, oats, hay, barley, potatoes, wool, dried fruit and dairy products are the chief staples, and cattle-raising is profitably conducted on many of the plains where agriculture is impracticable. The richness of the territory in precious ores has, however, been the main cause of Gentile emigration, which must continue to increase. If Brigham Young had forseen the mining future of the region, he would hardly have chosen it for the establishment of his church, because he would have known that mines would always attract his old enemies, and he came to an unbroken wilderness, beyond the boundaries of civilization, in hope of avoiding them for evermore. The silurian, carboniferous and jurassic limestone of a number of the mountains and canyons include rich silver ores, with not a little gold, and the mineral is, in some cases, composed of silver and lead, easily smelted. Utah yielded in 1875 nearly $6,000,000 of silver and gold, mostly silver, and considerable coal, iron, copper and lead, the last a by-product of the mining and smelting processes. There are near Iron City great buttes—isolated peaks—of magnetic and other excellent iron ores, beside plenty of limestone, and vast beds of kaolin, rock salt, gypsum, sulphur and other minerals exist in the territory, and will ere long be actively worked. All these mines are inimical to the numerical and political preponderance of the Mormons, and so regarded by them.

They have nothing like the influence they once had, and it is altogether probable that, in a few years, they will feel obliged to move again. Where will they go? Where can they go to escape what they consider the contaminating presence and power of the Gentiles? Alaska is not so distant nor so unlikely to be settled now as Utah was when the saints selected it for the New Jerusalem. What will happen in Utah, in time will happen there. No part of the continent seems to insure them a resting place. Salt Lake is assuredly prosperous, few towns in the west or east showing more mercantile activity. The Gentiles ascribe this to their energy and enterprise, but the saints claim credit for it, saying that their heathen foes have flocked here to profit by the result of their hard work and pioneer courage in invading, for spiritual freedom's sake, a sterile solitude.

This would seem to be a good place for poor people, as living is very cheap. Coal is from $5 to $8 a ton, and will ere long be much lower. Vegetables and fruits are to be had in abundance at small figures, the farms in the valley, owned and worked mainly by Mormons, yielding plentifully and of the best. Fish, especially salmon and trout, are numerous in the lakes and streams, and ducks, grouse, geese, swans, snipe and other game may be readily shot, in season, by any one who will hunt them. I have been told that a man and a small family may be comfortably supported for $500 or $600, in a house of their own, and that some families subsist on $400 a year, and even less.

The lake from which the town takes its name—the full name is the "City of the Great Salt Lake"—is a very curious and interesting body of water. It is about 100 miles long, from north to south, some 25 to 35 broad, from east to west, is more than 4000 feet above sea level, and has no outlet. Its greatest depth is 60 feet, but it is generally very shallow, being in many places not more than two or three feet deep. At one time it must have been vastly larger than it is now, spreading, an inland sea, for many hundred miles. The water is transparently clear, but so salt—it contains 22 per cent. of chloride of sodium as to form one of the most concentrated of brines. It was long thought that it contained no living thing, but recently a kind of shrimp and several species of insects have been found in it. Large flocks of gulls, ducks, geese and swans frequent its borders and islands, one of the latter, Antelope island, being 18 miles long. It is so buoyant that a man may float in it at full length, his head and neck, his legs to the knees and arms to the elbow being entirely out of water. In a sitting posture, with arms extended, his shoulders will rise above the surface. But swimming is hard, as the legs can hardly be kept under water, and the brine is so strong as to nearly strangle him who swallows it, and causes him severe pain, if it gets into the eyes. Nevertheless, a bath in the lake is refreshing, although fresh water is required afterward to remove the salt from the body. The lake was first made known to the white race near 200 years ago, through Baron La Hontan, who had learned of its existence through some western Indians. It was formerly named Timpanagos; was supposed to be much bigger than it is, and to have an outlet into the Pacific. Fremont was the first white man to navigate its waters, and he described it in 1843. The lake reminds one in many respects of the Dead sea and the resemblance had its influence in deciding the Mormons to settle, associating the neighborhood with Judea, and prompting them to name the strait connecting Salt and Utah lakes, the river Jordan. They have copied various features of ancient Israel, and claim to believe that they, like the old Jews, are under the immediate direction of God.

The morals of the saints using the word moral in the ordinary import, are very good in and about Salt Lake. Most of the Gentiles admit this, but declare that, at Provo, Manti, San Pete and other small towns in the south of territory, the saints are very different; that here they are on their good behavior, as Salt Lake is a sort of show place, employed to give a favorable, though erroneous, impression of the life of Mormondom. They allege that here the well-to-do leaders extend hospitality to strangers, and deceive them with flattering tales, which examination will not bear out. I cannot say whether this is true or not, but I may say that no Mormon of any order has evinced any disposition to entertain or wheedle me regarding the manners or habits of his people. It might be thought, too, that the intelligent or influential saints, asserted to be very shrewd and worldly, would think it desirable to make the church appear at least plausible to journalists, who surely do as much as any other class can to frame public opinion. I have heard both sides again and again, and, while I do not in the least sympathize with polygamy, I hold that the theological assumptions of the saints are no more hollow or absurd than those of some other creeds. The Mormons are at a disadvantage in having had their marvels recorded within the last 54 years, while more widely received religions had their foundations ages since.

If Joseph Smith's actual career, omitting all the supernatural, had been presented with a background of 20 or 30 centuries, exalted by the unfamiliar and idealized by the mysterious and unknown, he would have appeared as picturesque and as inspired as Brahma or Buddha or Moses or Mohammed, or other prophets and saints. Palmyra or Manchester, N. Y., Commerce or Carthage, Ill., and 1827 seem, to the American mind altogether too modern and prosaic to appeal to the imagination or the emotions, without which faith in the supernatural cannot well be acquired. Benares or Delhi, Mecca, or Medina, the middle ages or remote antiquity, help out theologic myths or traditions as nothing that savors of the common or the contemporaneous will or can.—*Cor. Boston Herald.*

### 'A PALLID YOUNG MAN."

Oscar Wilde, the esthetic "saint,' has landed upon the shores of America, a young man of robust frame and pretty complexion, a pink and white young man, a beardless and smooth young man, but with a profusion of drooping hair that serves him as a complete set of properties in the role that he has assumed. The Atlantic disappointed him and his voyage was exceedingly dull. Probably one characteristic of estheticism is an almost limitless capacity for being bored. He submitted on ship board to the inevitable interview and gave a definition of estheticism as the search for the secret of life. Literal minds must construe this as a renaissance of the Ponce de Leon quest for the fountain of eternal youth, but rather a search for the divine essence that makes life worth living.

The young man has a practical side. One thing he is sure of. If he accomplishes nothing else, he will see America. And so he will. He will be taken into her clubs and perhaps caressed by her best society. There is no good reason certainly, why he should not be well received. He is of good family, and so far as report goes, of good character. He is finely educated and has some grains of talent, among considerable nonsensical chaff, and very likely he is worth winnowing. At least it will do no harm to try.

### HORSE SAUSAGES.

It appears that the regulations in force at the horse-slaughtering establishments in London are of a nature to prevent anything like a direct supply of horseflesh to sausage-makers. At the same time, says the Lancet, there can be no reasonable doubt that horseflesh is largely used in the manufacture of sausages, particularly the so-called German sausages made in London. Horse and cattle dealers of the lower class are supposed to furnish the flesh used for this purpose; and it is especially from such sources of supply that the worst class of meat is likely to be obtained. These small dealers buy casually and pick up bargains of wornout and diseased animals, whose flesh finds its way into the hands of the sausage-makers. It is extremely probable that disease may be disseminated by this agency. The flesh is rather dried than cooked, and the germs it contains are therefore left in their unimpaired vitality. Eaters of sausage-meat should beware; and German sausages especially ought to be excluded from every table on which only wholesome food is to be served. It is desirable to make this generally understood, because many persons who would not dream of eating London sausages of the common class consume without scruple the nastiness sold as "German sausages," eating it uncooked, and therefore taking the morbid poison in a state of energy.

It has been decided that the dome of the colossal Palais de Justice, in Brussels, now approaching completion, which was to have been of copper, shall now be constructed of papier-mache. It will weigh about sixteen tons.

### FASHION NOTES.

Peacock fans are in high favor.

Chenille fringes are much worn.

Jerseys are revived on the other side.

White rat is a new fur for evening wear.

Watered silk grows more and more fashionable.

Fashionable dancing dresses all have short skirts.

Flowers on dinner tables grow more and more in fashion.

Esthetic dress grows more and more in favor in England.

Plush is more fashionable as a lining for wraps than for the outside.

Kerchiefs of white, pale tinted, and black crepe de chine are much worn.

Black remains the choice color for the costliest and most elegant wraps.

Oriental colors and effects on gentlemen's morning cravats are in demand.

Fringes of silver and pearl beads mixed are used for trimming evening dresses.

A piece of fern is the latest substitute for a hand bouquet with the London esthetes.

Tan-colored long gloves with loose wrists are worn on all sorts of occasions and with any kind of a dress.

Dentelle Orientale is a new darned lace much in demand for bordering large collars of Surah, satin or mull.

Feathers and jeweled combs are more fashionable for evening coiffures than flowers, either real or artificial.

Feather bands are considered more elegant than fur ones as trimmings for the richest wraps and costumes.

Pale rose and pure white dresses, with silver and pearl accessories, form the favorite evening toilet of young ladies of high fashion.

Jerseys are brought out with a lace ruffle at the bottom, and lace bretelles on each side of the front, which is now cut open and buttoned up.

Lace is the most fashionable as well as the most elegant and most economical trimming for all costumes, wraps and toilets light enough to admit of its use.

Long-haired India cashmere, just because it is uncommon and unpretentious, is used alongside of the richest silk, velvet and plush cloaking fabrics for wraps of high ceremony.

Paris prescribes very plain dresses for young ladies' evening wear, on which no lace appears, the only trimming being pleatings of tulle or of the material. No lace is worn in the neck, only tulle pleating.

A new skirt is coming in favor in Paris, called the forreau. Untrimmed, save with a huge niche of the material around the bottom, it will be a violent reaction against the over-trimmed skirts now universally worn.

A pretty way to convert a walking costume into a reception dress is to wear with it a handsome lace fichu crossing on the bosom and tied a la Marie Antoinette in the back at the waist line, and then brighten the hair with a short plume and flower ornament and a comb of Rhine crystals, and wear a corsage bouquet of bright flowers. A bouquet of natural flowers, a pretty lace handkerchief, and a peacock-feather fan will compete the dressy effect.

### HOME RULES.

Husbands: If you like a tidy home help make yours so, and don't grumble so much! Don't scatter your hat, boots, coat, books, papers, pipes, etc., about and then wonder why the house is upset. Don't leave your wife without wood or water, money or marketing and expect dinner to be ready. Do your share of the work decently and in order. When you leave for the day give her a hearty kiss and tell her not to work too hard, then when you come home tired and hungry, if the house is not bright and cheerful, supper ready, and if easy chair, slippers and pipe are not forthcoming then, your wife is not half a woman.

Never do you tell a child a second time to do a thing. If it can refuse once, it will refuse a second and a third time. Let it know this—that is, that it dare not refuse the first command, and let the action be prompt. Teach it to tell the truth by whipping it if it tell a story, but never whip it if it tell the truth, no matter what the act committed. And then teach it not to repeat the act if it desires your confidence and love, and then manifest your affection and confidence by implicitly trusting it and frowning down ugly acts. I believe this to be the only way a child can be successfully trained, and after a series of years of confidence between parent and child, the boy will grow to a noble and benevolent manhood and the girl to an ideal and kind-hearted woman—such a woman as any man might die for—if there was no other way to get out of it.

### SINGING HEN.

A novel case was heard before Squire Wilson of East Nottingham township, Chester county, Penn., recently. Last spring a farmer of East Nottingham had thirty chickens stolen. Summer wore away, but no traces of the lost fowls. A few days ago the chicken owner visited a farmer in the same township, and while looking at the fowls on the premises saw a hen which he thought resembled one of the number stolen from him. He inquired how the farmer obtained it, when a conversation followed, and concluded by the poultry owner saying, "If that chicken comes to me when I call her by name, she is mine." This was agreed to. "Annie, Annie," called the owner, and sure enough the hen came to him, "Jump upon my hand." Up jumped Annie. "Now sing for a grain of corn, Annie," called the owner. The pretty little hen immediately began to sing in her foolish style a solo which fully convinced the two men to whom she rightfully belonged. The thief and pet chicken were brought before the squire who heard the story and Annie's solo, and sentenced the thief.

Beats all.—Tramps.

### SCIENTIFIC.

It is a good and safe rule to enforce that Portland cement work should not be painted within a year of its completion, to allow it to dry thoroughly.

The detergent properties of waterglass make it an excellent scouring material, and it enters largely into the composition of most common soaps.

The ordinary use of chloroform is fatal one time in 2873, that of ether one time in 23,204. It is now said that most of the danger with either of them may be avoided by first putting the patient slightly under the influence of alcohol. Another argument favoring the use of rum.

Native strontianite, which contains about ninety per cent. of pure carbonate of strontium, is now largely used in sugar-refineries, the mines in Westphalia yielding many thousands of tons per annum. The strontianite is used to extract the saccharates, with which it combines.

According to Professors Kedzie, Nessler, Barth, Fleck, and Schmitz, potato-sugar contains as impurities sulphuric acid, iron sulphate, and lime. Its most dangerous ingredient is a bitter matter remaining after the sugar has passed into fermentation, and which occasions cold sweats, oppression on the chest, headache, etc. Wines "sweetened" with potato-sugar are consequently pro tanto poisonous, and the use of such sugars in brewing becomes a matter of questionable allowance.

Dr. Muller-Erzbach, who has just made an exhausting examination of the desiccating powers of different substances, states that there is no perceptible difference between the power of concentrated oil of vitriol, glacial phosphoric acid, and solid caustic potash in this respect, and that caustic soda and chloride of calcium are only slightly inferior, the difference in tension of aqueous vapor between phosphoric anhyride and anhydrous chloride of calcium being a fraction of a millimeter in the barometric column. He also states that caustic soda is absolutely dehydrated by being shut up in a desiccator with caustic potash.

Muscovite or oblique mica—the clear variety—is essentially a silicate of aluminum and potassium. When the crystalization is uniform, it can be easily separated with a knife-blade into very regular, flexible, and elastic sheets, of almost any required thickness. It is not affected by water or strong acids—with the exception of hydroflouric acid—and may be heated quickly to redness without any danger of melting or cracking it. In thin plates or sheets it resembles glass, but is not brittle; and this property, in connection with the other peculiar properties alluded to, makes it available and serviceable as a substitute for glass under conditions which preclude the use of the latter. Mica is never quite colorless, although in good samples the color is barely perceptible in thin sheets. That having a faint red commands the best prices.

### CHANGED HIS TUNE.

Circumstances do most assuredly alter cases. A man who had a horse to sell was asked by a gentleman who invaded his stable what he asked for him.

"That horse," was the reply, "is a very remarkable animal. A child can drive him; he's as tame as a kitten, and was never known to shy. I will sell him for one hundred and fifty dollars."

The stranger took out from his side pocket a mysterious-looking book and put down the sum the man had mentioned.

"Do you want to buy that horse, my friend?" the stable-keeper asked.

"Oh, no," was the reply, "I don't want to buy any horse; I am simply the tax collector, and I am round appraising property."

"Oh, ah, yes, I see. Well, in that case, I may as well confess that I have exaggerated matters. That horse, if I were going to sell him, is a'l I have described him to be and well worth the price I ask. But as a horse to be taxed he is old, spavined, a bad kicker, vicious and not worth a penny more than twenty-five dollars.

### ABOLISHING EECLTRIC LIGHTS.

It is absurd for Philadelphia to propose the abolition of the electric light, alarming as is the fact that twenty-five buildings were recently set on fire in their city on one day by means of wires used in electric lighting. Beyond all doubt the electric light is to be the great agent of illumination in the future, and it is folly to act upon any other theory. The wires are dangerous when not properly protected by insulation, and it is evident that their exposure upon poles along the streets should be prohibited. But it is possible to protect them from dangerous contact within buildings, and they can easily be placed underground in their passage through the streets. By taking such precautions all danger from the use of electric light will be averted. Electricans should lose no time in taking these precautions, for the introduction of the new light will be much retarded if a repetition of the accidents in Philadelphia produces a popular outcry against it.

### CARING FOR SOLDIERS.

The German war office has published some very striking statistics with regard to the comparative health of the German and French armies. According to these returns, the average number of men to the infirmaries on every day is twenty-five per thousand in France and only eleven in Germany, while putting together the number of days spent in the hospital or sick room, each French soldier is incapacitated from duty during seventeen days in the year, as against only thirteen days for the German soldier. The rate of mortality, according to the same authority, is nearly twice as high in the French army, being nine per thousand, as against five per thousand in Germany. There has not been a single case of small-pox in the German army during the past year, while in France there have been 1037 cases, of which ninety-eight proved fatal.

### SELECTED.

Why are pigs' noses like church bells?—Because, when they're rung, they emit thrilling sounds.

The mountain of the Lord is a solid rock, 100 feet in hight, rising above the street level at Manti, Utah. The Mormons are building on this eminence a temple of fine marble, 95 feet by 170 in area, and handsomely adorned.

The rage of a Minnesota farmer at a balky horse did not subside when the day's work was done, but rose higher as he lay in bed thinking of the annoyance he had endured. He dressed, loaded a gun, went to the stable, and deliberately killed the beast.

It is said that Mrs. DeLong has been remembered by James Gordon Bennett in a substantial manner. Before the sailing of the Jeannette on her Arctic expedition he deposited $25,000 to her credit in a bank, and this sum was doubled last summer, when discouraging news was received from Capt. De Long and his gallant crew.

M. Paul Bert, who not long ago received a present of some crocodiles from Egypt, has publicly dissected five in the theater of the Sorbonne. Among the facts noted was the almost entire absence of brain matter, and it was concluded that these reptiles are devoid of reason, and animated by a destructive instinct.

The Russian war office intends to substitute long marches from town to town for the annual maneuvers of the troops which have hitherto taken place. The first trial of the new rule will be on the occasion of the coronation of the emperor and empress. The troops of the guard will then march from St. Petersburg to Moscow to take part in the ceremony.

A breach of promise case in Illinois will present a novel question for local discussion. The plaintiff was a good looking girl when the engagement was made. Two years of courtship passed. Then small-pox disfigured her face, and the defendant declined to marry her. He claims that in view of her deterioration in personal appearance since he made the promise, he is not in law or honor bound to keep it.

At Hatfield house, in England, the other day, William Dimmock, a laborer, was assisting in laying a telephone wire when he slipped from a wall, and in falling took hold of a wire used in connection with the Brush lights which are in operation at Hatfield house. He was immediately killed by the electric current. The medical evidence showed that death arose from shock to the system, causing paralysis of the heart.

In a rural district of Upper Austria a youthful poet and improvisator has just been discovered, and ordered by the authorities to be locked up forthwith, for singing satirical improvisations on the delicate subject of over-taxation. For several weeks the intelligent lad had been going from one market place to another, delivering his rhymes to the astonished peasants. There is a noble opening for this practical genius in Philadelphia and other cities of this continent. Let him emigrate.

### CONUNDRUMS.

When is a ship like a cradle?—When it is on the rock.

When is a man thinner than a lath?—When he's a-shaving.

When is an egg like a foundation-stone?—When it is newly laid.

Why is a whisper forbidden in polite society?—Because it isn't aloud.

Why are sheep like table-cloths?—Because they are often washed and in folds.

Why is an unsuitable marriage like a bad lucifer?—Because it's a worthless match.

When does a candle resemble a tombstone?—When it is set up for a late husband.

Why are fishermen and shepherds like beggars?—Because they live by hook or by crook.

### STRATA.

It is always the stratas that tell. In one country, abundant vegetation in another, barrenness—why? Because beneath the loose upper soil lie different conditions. Out of the mouth of one man proceed wise utterances; words of deep wisdom; thoughts like pearls. Out of the other, merely trite observation; foolish commonplace; silly conceit. Why? Because the one has deep within the varied strata of wisdom, experience, knowledge. The other—the purposeless, shifting sand that is washed away with every outgoing tide. Water is always water. But we know at once whether it runs over rocks or over sand. Speech is always speech. But it wells up from very different sources, and no magician is needed to tell us whether the tide of utterance has flowed over deeply-seated rock or over mere shifting sand.

### BABY'S SOCK.

A tiny sock, showing dimple and curve of baby-foot, with a trace of wear; a thing without value; a thing of the past—but yet now priceless! What a precious, sad reminder of the days when baby was here, a visible household angel. No wonder the stricken mother makes frequent and prolonged visits to the closet where baby's wardrobe is laid away, never to be laundered, and aired again, but only kept and guarded as a souvenir of the child who was, and is forevermore, safe in the bosom of the Infinite Father. Keep the little sock, mother. We will weep with you when you kiss the shapely thing; weep tear of joy that the little feet which left so fair an impress when they pattered through the household, can never leave a counter-impress in earth's clay.—*Woman's Journal.*

The larch is not indigenous to this country, but belongs to the Alps and Appenines, and was introduced into England during the early part of the seventeenth century. In a congenial soil and under proper treatment, no tree becomes so valuable in so short a time, just as none produces so great a quantity of valuable timber or is so rich in fertilizing effects.

## ASHLAND ALLECATIONS.

Scribner has got his water wheel set.

Coasting has been the order every evenings lately.

Some private telephones have been put up.

Willie Hughes is clerking at the Savings Bank.

Collins Sanborn is at home on a short vacation.

Pease & Batchelder have put in a stock of groceries.

The Earnest Workers have formed a Magazine Club.

J. F. Draper & Co., have started up their cutting shop.

Dry wood is getting plenty and is selling for $4.50 all split.

Nine couples joined the dancing school last Saturday evening.

T. N. Hughes is doing a vast amount of lumbering this winter.

The Earnest Workers met at Miss Susie Deane's Wednesday evening.

Hull is to play with Story's orchestra at Laconia, Jan. 20th, at a ball.

Burdette Brown has been to Philadelphia to attend the funeral of his aunt.

John Ernest has bought the right of this county for the celebrated Diamond wrench.

Sammy Smith, son of Lemuel Smith, cut his foot at the instep badly a few days ago.

John Drew has the best Providence river oysters. We know it for we have sampled them.

John Ernest has a fractured knee by a kick from a horse and is confined to the house being obliged to use crutches.

Lewis Wiggin does all kinds of fret sawing. Any design promptly executed. Orders may be left at C. F. Bracy's store.

Universalist meeting at the Town Hall next Sunday, Jan. 15th, at 2 P. M. Rev. J. H. Farnsworth of Vermont will preach. All are cordially invited.

George Rowe occupies his new shop in Shepard & Fletcher's new building. He is a first class carriage, sign and ornamental painter. Low prices and good work prevail.

L. P. Clough's advertisement appears in another column. Having had twenty-five years' experience as a watch maker and jeweler, he does not hesitate to say that everything entrusted to him will receive prompt attention and good care. All work warranted. Give him a call and be convinced.

## WENTWORTH.

We notice in your issue of Dec. 29th, among the Warren items, an article speaking of the erection of a lock-up in that town, and explaining the necessity of it by saying that its first occupant was a citizen of adjoining town. We do not propose to question the necessity of our little neighbor, but we do propose to give the little one a gentle hint before we get through with him, and possibly a legal kick if necessity requires. We know there are many "rum traps" in Warren, and that they succeed in catching and holding a large number of natives, and with this knowledge we were naturally surprised that there should be decency enough left to provide a place of safety for their victims of intemperance, and for caring so kindly for their first guest of all they had prepared him for that retreat by filling him to overflowing with their native "rot gut." This surely calls for a grateful acknowledgement on our part, but at the same time we blush for them when they exhibit such a keen relish in advertising the victims of their rum traps, especially where they came from neighboring towns. How extremely happy they must be in such business, and how proud of their calling. We have acknowledged our gratitude for the little decency "[illegible] the friend" you have manifested, but we will be very much more gratified if you will stop the rum traffic in your town, and prohibit those engaged in the nefarious business, sending "gallon jugs" of rum or "rot gut" into adjoining towns as they have recently done. If you are weak and unable to do this alone, call upon us and we will gladly assist you. But whatever you may see fit to do please do not be mean enough again to get any of our young men drunk by selling or giving them rum and enticing them to drink it, and then brag about it through the columns of a newspaper. You may hear from us again even if it is a painful duty to notice you, but we may do you good, so we can bear the mortification.

Several persons have recently joined the Lodge of Good Templars which is in a flourishing condition, and doing commendable work.

Seven persons united with the Congregationalist church last Sunday. Its pastor Rev. T. W. Darling, who has given general satisfaction, it is hoped will remain with us another year.

J. C. Story, Esq., has recently made an extensive addition to his Law library.

The annual meeting of the Library Association will be held next Tuesday, Jan. 10th, at 7 o'clock, P. M., in their room. A few of the enthusiastic ones are determined that such a worthy object as a Public Library shall no longer be neglected. We trust there may be more enthusiasm in the same direction.

The famous horse case of Cole & Colburn, which has been a bone of contention for nearly a year, was decided at the recent law term at Concord, in favor of Colburn. Tally one for our popular young lawyer, counsel for defendant.

The Universalist circle met with Mrs. Eleazer Smith, Wednesday, Jan. 4th. Those present report a pleasant time. The society are to hold meetings every fourth, instead of every eighth Sunday, the change being brought about by the persevering efforts of Rev. Q. H. Shinn, of Plymouth and the ladies' circle. BOREA.

Jan. 8.

## CAMPTON.

Cressy Rowe, while wrestling with a friend, fell and broke his arm on Saturday last.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet with Mrs. Lyman Avery this week.

Mrs. Christopher Smith slipped on the ice in front of the church last Sunday and broke her leg.

Royal McCausland has returned to Campton after an absence of five years in Washington Territory.

Arthur P Rowe had a stick of wood fly up and hit him in the eye on Tuesday, hurting him quite badly. Dr. Smith was consulted, and it is hoped that he may save his eye. NERO.

A CARD.—To all the friends of our departed son, Charlie B. Cook, who so kindly assisted us during his recent sickness and protracted illness, and also at the funeral services, to Rev. Q. Blakely and wife, Rev. J. B. Hadley, the bearers, and the Congregational choir in particular, for their very efficient and sympathizing efforts at the same time, we tender our sincere thanks.

CORYDON W. COOK,
SARAH J. COOK.

Campton, Jan. 12, 1882.

We desire to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of G. M. Wadleigh to be found in another column. His stock of Millinery is large and varied, from which, any lady would be pleased to make her selections. His stock of human hair goods is immense. He also manufactures all kinds of hair work to order on short notice, and guarantees satisfaction. Ladies visiting Concord in quest of the above named goods should not fail to give him a call.

## NEW HAMPTON.

The beautiful snow has appeared once more and all hearts are cheered by the sound of the many sleigh bells, and are hoping that the calamity of a snowless New England winter will be averted.

The village district school taught by Mr. John Davis, closed last Friday.

Rev. E. H. Prescott supplies wood for about fifty fires. Those who purchase of him receive sound wood and square measure.

The other day some one asked our worthy druggist what would be the price of three cents' worth of snuff.

Rev. D. W. Davis and family have returned to town.

The week of prayer was observed by a series of meetings in the vestry. Owing to the increasing religious interest, the meetings have been continued during the week following.

The next session of the Sandwich Quarterly Meeting will be held with this church, commencing Jan. 24th.

A short time ago the ladies were invited to attend the weekly meeting of the Social Fraternity. The exercises were conducted in the usual manner and consisted of declamations, essays, paper and a discussion. The declamations were given by Messrs. Adams, Wadleigh and Hoyt, and were good selections finely delivered. The essays by Messrs. Dame, Moulton and Burleigh were far above the average. The Pactolus edited by Mr. Sawyer, in some respects exceeded any paper to which we had ever before listened. The discussion by Messrs. Quimby and Lane in which others joined, was logical, both sides of the question being ably supported. Some of these young debaters have a natural talent for oratory which will one day make their names famous to the world.

The ladies are invited to attend the meeting of the Literary Adelphi, Thursday evening of the present week.

The hotel now presents a cheerful aspect, Mr. Moore and family having taken up their abode there. MYSTIC.

## PLYMOUTH.

Subscribers owing for this paper are invited to forward the amount due by mail in the usual way and not wait for a collector to call as none will be sent out at present.

The people who say that all local papers in this part of the state are alike must be troubled with some brain difficulty or else the lack of one.

Mr. Eugene Cook, a promising young man, son of Mr. Rufus Cook, is assisting the latter in his duties.

Flanders & Gould have a new red sleigh with their names on the sides in large gilt letters.

The Campton stage sleigh appears in bright red with "U. S. Mail" on each side.

The bulk of the fortune of the late E. L. Knowlton of Concord is left for use to his brother and sister, but after their death it is to be devoted to founding the Mary Francis Knowlton mastership and also a fund bearing the same name for the Holderness school for boys. The amount is unknown, but it is said to be quite large.

Through error it has been stated in numerous papers that Mrs. Harrison was returning from prayer meeting when her late accident occured but such was not the case.

The hose house is practically finished outside and the windows of four large lights each have been put in. There are three in front, six on the south side and five at the rear. The tower for drying the hose, made of planed boards, is far more ornamental than it frequently is in such cases. The work of finishing off the interior is well advanced.

G. T. Ordway is able to be about on crutches.

About $22.00 worth of single evening tickets was sold to Prof. Churchill's reading, and about $78.00 to Josh Billings. There was an audience of over 500 at the latter.

Drs. Samborn and Burns were busy with accidents Saturday and Sunday. The former day, Charles Whittemore, about 20 years old, while handling logs near Loon Pond, had one roll over his leg badly bruising it, but wonderful to relate, breaking no bones. The same day, Cressy Rowe of Campton while scuffling with some other boys, was thrown and received a fractured elbow and other injuries. Sunday while Mrs. Christopher Smith was coming out of the Mount Zion church in West Campton, she fell and broke her wrist.

## BRISTOL.

Miss Elmira Case has sold her residence on Merrimac street to Moses Southard.

Blaisdell's orchestra is to furnish music for the grand ball at Buckiln's hall Friday evening of this week.

The Bristol Dramatic Club put before the public Thursday evening the play entitled "Through Snow and Sunshine."

Mrs. Call who was thrown from a carriage Sunday, the 1st, died last Sunday.

Mrs. Dr. Preston died last Tuesday afternoon.

The remains of Joshua Kendall were brought here from Concord last Saturday afternoon for burial, accompanied by the relatives and a large number of Odd Fellows in Lodge and Encampment regalia, of both of which branches he was a worthy member. Mr. Kendall was a native and for many years a resident of this place but for the last few years had lived in Concord. He had recently purchased a house and was about to return here but was stricken down with Bright's disease. W.

## LOON POND.

Charles Whittemore, an employee at Park's mill, while loading lumber at East Haverhill, had the misfortune to have one of his legs badly crushed by a log rolling on it.

The magic lantern entertainment at the school house near Micloo's crossing, on Tuesday night was very interesting.

Mr Brown, conductor on the shifter, fell from the train Tuesday and was badly injured. S.

## DIED.

In Campton, Jan. 8th, Charlie Baker Cook, 29 years and 10 months.

In Ashland, Jan. 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Wallis Calley, a son.

In Ashland, Jan. 12, to Mr. and Mrs. Rodney Smith, a daughter.

In Plymouth, Jan. 12, Harry Greenleaf, only child of Charles H. and Blanche F. Marden.

Funeral at the house on Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M.

**LUCRATIVE EMPLOYMENT** for the Winter in farming districts. Very large returns for comparatively little labor. For full particulars address immediately ORANGE JUDD CO., 751 Broadway, N. Y.

GOOD PIANO FOR SALE.—At N. S. CALLEY'S. dec29,tf.

### NATURE'S TRIUMPH.

### FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS.

If you are weak or languid, use Frazier's Bitter

If your flesh is flabby and your complexion sallow, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you live in a malarial district, use Frazier's Bitters.

If worn down with the care of children, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you have got the blues, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you have kept late hours and lived contrary to the laws of health, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you need toning up, use Frazier's Root Bitters.

If you have abused instead of used nature's gifts, use Frazier's Bitters.

If you feel old before your time, use Frazier's Bitters.

If life has become a burden and you have gloomy forebodings, use Frazier's Bitters.

If your hand trembles and your eyes have grown dim, Frazier's Root Bitters will make you feel young again. Sold by all druggists everywhere at the low price of $1 per bottle.

**Frank S. Henry & Co., Sole Prop's.**
CLEVELAND, O.

For sale by Eastman & Brown, Wentworth. Agent George C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass.

apr19-jes-1y.

### PILES! PILES!! PILES!!!

**A Sure Cure Found at Last. No One Need Suffer**

A sure cure for the Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Ulcerated Piles has been discovered by Dr. Williams (an Indian remedy) called Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of 25 and 30 years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. Williams' Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice; gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles, nothing else.

Read what the Hon. S. M. Coffinberry, of Cleveland, says about Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment; I have used scores of pile cures, and it affords me pleasure to say that I have never found anything which gave such immediate and permanent relief as Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment.

For sale by all druggists, or mailed on receipt of price, $1.

**Frank S. Henry & Co., Prop's.**
CLEVELAND, O.

For sale by Eastman & Brown, Wentworth. Wholesale Agents, George C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass.

jes-apr19-1y

# The Christian Union.

LYMAN ABBOTT, EDITOR.

With the first of January, 1882, The Christian Union enters upon its thirteenth year and twenty-fifth volume. In the future, as in the past, it proposes to be

### I.—Helpful.

It will give every week something which will help its readers to be more true, more patient, more courageous, more gentle, more faithful,—in a word nobler christian men and women. It will help parents to be forbearing, children to be obedient, servants to be hearty, employers to be considerate, neighbors to be friendly, and friends to be faithful. It will help every heart to bear its own burden, and a neighbor's burden too, and to grow more near to God by a daily life more worthy of a true christian manhood.

### II.—Spiritual.

It will not devote twenty columns to hammering at the shell and one to picking out the kernel. Doubtful disputations about forms and methods and rites and formulas will not jostle from its columns the explination and application of the truths that make for righteousness. Mint and anise and cummin will go in fine print; judgement, mercy and faith in clean, clear, bold-faced type.

### III.—Fresh.

It will deal with the theories of the present. Its motto will be "day by day our daily bread." On the eve of a political election it will present the duties of citizenship; in the time of a religious revival it will present methods of christian work. The text of the minister is to be found in the word of God; the text of the editor in the providence of God. He will study that book as God turns its leaves over for him from day to day.

### IV.—Compact.

It will put great truths in little compass. It will take introductions for granted and will remorselessly cut off perorations. It will allow no space for rhetorical eloquence. It will allow no superfluous words. In time its contributors will catch the spirit of its editors, and every page will march compact as an army to battle. It will throw out no skirmish line and allow no stragglers.

### V.—Many-Sided.

It will seek the best thoughts of the best thinkers on every topic of importance. Its round table will be a famous gathering place of free knights. Every contributor will be at liberty to speak his own mind. The paper will not be a personal organ, a whispering gallery to magnify one small voice into a sound of thunder. It will have much weight because in it will speak many weighty men.

### VI.—Above all, it will be

### Catholic, Courteous, Christian.

Putting away all uncharitableness, it will speak the truth in love. It will make mistakes sometimes, for there is only one infallible man, and he lives in Rome and is not an editor. But its readers will learn to trust it, and to believe that if it is sometimes mistaken it never deliberately misreports, and never consciously conceals the truth.

In Carrying Out This General Plan the paper will avail itself of the services not only of its regular editorial staff, comprising

Messrs. Abbott, Eliot McCormick, and Hamilton W. Mabie,

but of the best literary talent in the country. Mr. Beecher's retirement from the Editorial Chair will only render him a more frequent contributor, while the large force of writers, editorial and otherwise, who have been associated with the paper in past years will continue to enrich it with their choicest thought.

The subscription price is $3.00 per annum; Clergymen, $2.50. Send one three-cent stamp for sample copy. Address

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—AND—

NEW YEAR.

MISS ORRA E. OSGOOD

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THE NEW WATCH MAKER.

Ten years Experience in the Waltham Manufactory. All work warranted. aug25atf

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|---|---|---|
| 1. | Granulated sugar, | 11 |
| 2. | Brown sugar, | 8 |
| 3. | Butter, | 27 |
| 4. | Cheese, | 15 |
| 5. | Eggs, | 25 |
| 6. | Meal, | 1 60 |
| 7. | Shorts, per 100 lbs., | 1 40 |
| 8. | Flour, best St. Louis, | 8 25 |
| 9. | Beans, bush., | 3 50 |
| 10. | Cod fish, per lb., | 06 |
| 11. | Potatoes, bush., | 90 |
| 12. | Dried apple, per lb., | 04 |
| 13. | Lard, | 14 1-2 |
| 14. | Pork, | 14 |
| 15. | Maple sugar, | 10 |
| 16. | Vinegar, | 18 |
| 17. | Tea, | 45 to 65 |
| 18. | Coffee, best Java, | 34 |
| 19. | Soda, | 07 |
| 20. | St. Johnsbury crackers, | 1 |
| 1. | Kerosene oil, gal., | 17 |
| 22. | Chicken, per lb., | 14 |
| 23. | Turkey, | 15 |
| 24. | Old hen, | 11 |
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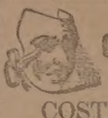

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☞ All articles will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

MEREDITH VILLAGE, N. H.

Aug. 1881. eaug3-6m

Laconia Bakery.

*SPECIAL NOTICE.*

We wish to remind our patrons that we keep on hand a constant supply of

OUR NICE DOMESTIC BREAD.

Warranted not to sour. Also Nice Warm Buns, Rolls, &c., every afternoon for tea. All orders, plain or fancy, put up on the shortest notice. Cakes Frosted. Wedding goods are a specialty. Hot Brown Bread and Beans, Saturday and Sunday mornings.

☞ Orders received by telephone from Lake Village and Weirs, or Mr. Mooney will continue to visit Meredith Village and receive orders for any thing in our line. Quality unsurpassed and prices as low as anywhere.

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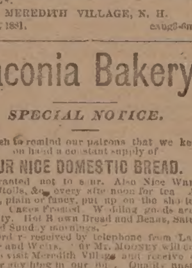
ROBINSON & Co.



Have just opened a fine lot of

CHAMBER SETS

Both in Ash and Painted Suits which they offer at reasonable prices.

A nice Chamber Suit for $18.00

A full assortment of Parlor Suits, Easy Chairs, Lounges, Mattresses and general Household Furniture.

Anything not in stock we will furnish at short notice. Also,

**Manufacturers of**

Fine Cabinet Organs

Which we furnish our customers at low prices for cash or easy monthly installments.

ROBINSON & SONS,

Opposite Town Hall, MEREDITH, N. H.

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# E. W. WILLARD & CO.,

Successors to

BOYNTON & WILLARD.

The largest stock of

DRY GOODS

—— IN CONCORD. ——

**Special Bargains.**

Three Cases Blankets, slightly damaged, Prices, $1.37 to $5.50 a pair. 40 Blankets at 75 cents each, some of these Blankets are $3.00 a pair under price.

We are closing out our old stock of KID GLOVES for 12 1-2c, 37 1-2c, 50c and 75c a pair to make room for

**The Celebrated Foster Kid Gloves, Lace Wrist.**

We make a specialty of **CORSETS**, and keep the best Corset for 50 cents ever shown at that price.

We carry the largest stock of **UNDERWEAR** for Ladies, Gents and Children in the State.

Customers will find it will save them money to buy Dry Goods of

**E. W. WILLARD & CO.,**

UNDER THE CLOCK. (tfdec15jesa) CONCORD, N. H.

Everything at the very BOTTOM FIGURE is the inducement we offer to buyers of

*FINE READY-MADE*

CLOTHING!

NOW IS THE TIME TO SECURE BARGAINS.

We have just received from New York and Boston the most complete line of Fine Clothing for Men's, Youths' and Boys' Wear, ever shown in Concord.

We take pleasure in calling special attention to our

NEW STOCK OF HATS.

We made this branch of our business a specialty last season, and our increased sales encourage us to greater efforts. We are now opening and shall continue to receive, during the season, the

**Nobbiest Line of Young Gent's Hats**

To be found in the City.

ROBES! ROBES!! ROBES!!! Our Stock of Robes and Blankets is complete. We will sell you nice Felt Jap wolf robes at $10. Plush lined, $12. New Hampshire two strapped stable Blankets, at $1.25. Better grades in proportion. Call and see us.

A. B. SANBORN,

Main Street Opp. Warren. (sjnov1-1) CONCORD, N. H.

If you are willing to

PAY A FAIR PRICE FOR YOUR CLOTHING,

And want to be sure of getting all you pay for, call on

SLEEPER & HOOD,

And select your Garments from one of the Largest and

BEST ASSORTED STOCKS

Of Cloths to be found in the city.

*SPECIAL PRICES FOR TRADE OUT OF THE CITY.*

REMEMBER, WE WARRANT EVERY GARMENT TO FIT.

SLEEPER & HOOD,

North Main Street, [sept12-4mej] CONCORD, N. H

STOVES AND RANGES.

Persons preparing for the coming winter should not purchase until visiting the establishment of the undersigned. A large lot of the

"MAGEE STANDARD" RANGES.

And Parlor Stoves, with all the latest attachments of boiler, racks, ash sifter, etc., etc. See the

'WESTMINSTER PARLOR.'

Nickle plated, base burner and oven attached.

—FURNACES PUT IN AND REPAIRED—

We make a specialty of Tin Roofing. Write for prices and particulars.

The Largest stock of Lamps and

Kitchen Furnishing Goods

In New Hampshire.

R. C. DANFORTH & CO.,

**12 North Main Street, CONCORD, N. H.** enov113m

## MEREDITH MATTERS.

Fred W. Elliott has been here.

J. C. Gove has lost a $40 cow.

Mrs. G. E. Gilman has gone to Kansas.

A. A. Kidder & Co., have a new store sleigh.

John Sanborn has put an elevator into his barn.

Waldo Meloon will sell or let his farm on Bear Island.

Woodbury Corliss who had a bad fall recently, is recovering.

J. P. Piper of Canada has been visiting his parents here.

George Bean has had his eye hurt by a stick of wood hitting it.

An effort is being made to use Sanborn's Hall for a reading room.

Wood is now about $5 00 a cord having fallen $1.00 or more per cord.

P. A. Ellsworth has put out a new sign in the shape of a watch.

The Free Will Baptist society will give an oyster supper soon.

Rev. Mr. Ross of Pembroke has lately held Advent meetings here.

F. P. Holt with Sam Hodgson and wife are going to Florida soon.

The proposition to light the streets at town expense is being agitated.

Daniel Bean has put larger windows of four lights each into his house.

M. F. Hutchins, now of Lawrence, is the presiding officer of the city council.

Three of our young men are cutting 100 cords of wood for David Whitcher.

Mrs. Oscar Perkins will stop the remainder of the winter in Harrisburg, Pa.

Our citizens are preparing to cut ice although it is hardly thick enough yet.

Miss Minnie Cate has finished her school at Center Harbor and returned home.

Israel Plummer has come home from Canada to help his father at the Center.

One of N. B. Wadleigh's horses ran away the other day but did no great damage.

Wm. Swain has bought a farm in Portsmouth and George Smith is at work for him.

E. S. Robinson lately received a bad cut over the eye while at work in the woods.

B. P. Woodman lately ploughed up an iron bar that had been buried in the ground about twenty years.

Frank Vamnah has come home from the Laconia car shop with two badly cut fingers, caused by a circular saw.

The band has given up its organization and turned its instruments over to the Selectmen for the use of any future one.

Some of our citizens are smiling over the fall of the young gentleman school teacher and the agent's daughter one slippery night.

Wm. Easter and Edward Swett, two young men from the Weirs who had been up here making purchases the other night broke through the ice below Wadleigh's mill while skating home. Mr. Easter got out and helped his friend, but after getting dry they walked home by the track. It is said the water is about one hundred feet deep there.

The following is the list of officers recently elected by the Belknap Lodge, I. O. O. F.: N. G., W. M. Rand; V. G., George N. Norris; Sec., D. A. Vittum; Treas., I. C. Boynton; Warden, Marshall Blake; Con., F. P. Carey; I. G., H. C. Perkins; O. G., Alvin Peavey; R. S. N. G., B. R. Dearborn; L. S. N. G., W. R. Rolfe; R. S. V. G., T. J. St. Clair; L. S. V. G., Frank Smith; R. S. S., J. D. Bartlett; L. S. S., Fred Blake; Chap., Rev. J. Graham.

### WOODSTOCK.

Charles Bartlett of Thornton met with a painful accident while at work in the mills of the Easton Lumber Company at Easton on Wednesday, Jan. 4th. He was engaged in moving some sawdust in the basement of the mill when his clothing caught upon a swiftly revolving gear wheel, throwing him several yards through an aperture in the framework little more than eight inches square, cutting and mangling him in a terrible manner. Medical assistance was summoned at once from Franconia who pronounced the wounds very serious but not necessarily dangerous. Mr. Bartlett is a young man and well-known in this town.

ALPHEUS.

### The Perfect Scrap Book.

Buy it, if you have literary or artistic tastes. Especially adapted for mounting chromos and artistic cards, prose, poetry, flowers—anything and everything.

Strongly and tastefully bound, in extra cloth, silver and black lettering, porcelain knobbed, similar to a photograph album, thereby insuring no damage to covers in handling or knocking around, leaves double stiched, so that no detachment occurs, blanks doubled, so that when pasted full, it retains its perfect shape, and nearly two hundred pages of pasting space, three columns to a page, thereby giving more room for use than any book in the market.

This is a condensed description of the best and cheapest book in the market to-day, and the manufacture is only possible by the immense sale it is having.

For ninety-five cents in postage stamps, or otherwise, we will send it, post free, to any address in the United States. A title and three index pages, printed on fine paper, will be sent for five cents extra. Address U. S. Scrap Book Co., 46 Vassey street, New York City.

D. M. Connell, Plymouth, N. H., offers his services as auctioneer in selling real estate, personal property of all kinds, etc. Charges reasonable satisfaction guaranteed. j nov17tf

## GREAT REDUCTION

—ON—

## PUBLICATIONS.

### MONTHLIES.

| | Character. | Reduced Price. | Regular Price. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Peterson's, | fashion, | 1 75 | 2 00 |
| Little Ones, | juvenile, | 1 25 | 1 50 |
| Art Amateur, | artistic, | 3 00 | 4 00 |
| Lippincott's, | literary, | 2 00 | 3 00 |
| Harper's Monthly, | " | 3 75 | 4 00 |
| Century, | " | 3 75 | 4 00 |
| Godey's Lady's Book. | fashion, | 1 75 | 2 00 |
| Arthur's Home Magazine, | fashion, | 1 50 | 2 00 |
| Wide Awake, | juvenile, | 2 00 | 2 50 |
| St. Nicholas, | juvenile, | 2 50 | 3 00 |
| Folio, | musical, | 1 25 | 1 50 |
| N. E. Pictorial, | literary, | 75 | 1 00 |
| Demorest's, | fashion, | 1 75 | 2 00 |
| Household, | domestic, | 1 00 | 1 10 |
| American Agriculturist, | agricultural, | 1 25 | 1 50 |
| Popular Science Monthly, | scientific, | 4 00 | 5 00 |

### WEEKLIES.

| | Character. | Reduced Price. | Regular Price. |
|---|---|---|---|
| American Architect, | mechanical, | 3 00 | 6 00 |
| Journal of Education, | educational, | 2 00 | 3 00 |
| Harper's Bazar, | fashion, | 3 50 | 4 00 |
| Toledo Blade, | republican, | 1 50 | 2 00 |
| Zion's Herald, | religious, | 2 00 | 2 50 |
| Christian Union, | " | 2 50 | 3 00 |
| N. Y. Witness, | " | 1 00 | 1 50 |
| Chicago Ledger, | stories, | 75 | 1 00 |
| Farmer's Review, | agricultural, | 75 | 1 00 |
| Yankee Blade, | stories. | 1 50 | 2 00 |
| Scientific American, | scientific, | 2 50 | 3 20 |
| Detroit Free Press, | democratic, | 1 50 | 2 00 |
| New York Observer, | religious, | 2 50 | 3 15 |
| New York Independent, | religious, | 2 50 | 3 00 |
| New York Methodist, | religious. | 2 00 | 2 50 |
| Harper's | artistic, | 3 50 | 4 00 |
| Police Gazette, | criminal, | 3 50 | 4 00 |
| New York Weekly, | | 2 50 | 3 00 |
| Saturday Night, | | 2 00 | 3 00 |
| Golden Days, | stories, | 2 50 | 3 00 |
| Banner of Light, | spiritualistic, | 2 00 | 3 00 |

### DAILIES.

| | Character. | Reduced Price. | Regular Price. |
|---|---|---|---|
| N. Y. Mail & Express, | | 3 00 | 9 00 |
| Boston Star, | independent, | 2 50 | 3 00 |
| New York Sun, | " | 4 00 | 6 00 |
| Boston Globe, (6 mos.) | | 2 50 | 3 00 |
| New York Star, | | 3 00 | 6 00 |
| New York World, | democratic, | 3 00 | 9 00 |
| Springfield Union, | republican, | 3 00 | 6 00 |

The prices of the above are liable to change or cancellation each week, as but a limited number can be otained at these rates.

Subscriptions can commence at any time and are, unless stated to the contrary, all for one year.

These offers are open to anybody, no matter whether a subscriber to this paper or not.

Specimens of all these, except the magazines, which may be seen at the office, sent free on request by postal.

Address this office, Plymouth, N. H.

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## PREMIUMS FOR PAYING SUBSCRIBERS.

Every subscriber to this paper is entitled to one of the following premiums, for every 25 cents he or she shall pay, whether in *advance* or *arrears*.

No. 1. Holiday Chimes, a handsome book 6x9 inches, printed in blue on tinted paper, containing six Christmas and New Years' poems, illustrated by five handsome engravings of Old Santa Claus, etc., blue border, fancy titles for each page, elegantly illuminated cover.

No. 2. Our Picture Book, 8x12 inches, containing nearly 30 fine pictures, many of them quite large—with over a dozen descriptive articles, all of interest to the children and adults as well. Amber covers, red line border. Printed in large type on heavy plate paper.

No. 3. Picture, The Woodland Gate. Children swinging on an old gate in the forest.

No. 4. Picture, Childhood Sports.—14 children playing in a glade, climbing trees near a small stream.

No. 5. Picture, Strolling Players—A man, woman and child, musicians, asleep in an old English farmer's yard, surrounded by sheep, buildings with thatched roofs, the proprietor and two of his help.

No. 6. Picture, The Lost Inn.—An old country school. 14 children gathered about the master's desk who is opening with prayer, while three frightened laggards are coming in through the half opened door. The costumes are decidedly quaint and amusing.

No. 7. Picture, Il Penseroso, a black robed nun, with ruined church and cloisters in the distance, illustrating Milton's great poem.

No. 8. Picture, A Rest on the Hill, a mother and babe resting by a pair of bars, under some trees, while climbing a steep mountain road.

No. 9. Picture, A detected young English cavalier with a sprig of mistletoe behind him, trying to steal a kiss from one of four beautiful young ladies in an elegantly furnished apartment.

All the above are artistic lithographs, 12 x 18 inches.

No. 10. Lithograph of the late President Garfield, very accurate, 24 x 18 inches, containing various facts concerning his life, and accompanied by a fac simile letter of his.

No. 11. Campaign badges of Garfield and Arthur, Hancock and English, in the shape of pins, badges, medallions, etc., making one of each.

EMPLOYMENT

FOR ALL

To Sell A Household Article,

The poor as well as the rich, the old as well as the young, the wife as well as the husband, the young maiden as well as the young man, the girl as well as the boy, may just as well earn a few dollars in honest employment, as to sit around the house and wait for others to earn it for them. We can give you employment all the time, or during your spare hours only; traveling, or in your own neighborhood among your friends and acquaintances. If you do not care for employment, we can impart valuable information to you free of cost. It will cost you only one cent for a postal card to write for our prospectus, and it may be the means of making you a good many dollars.

Do not neglect this opportunity. You do not have to invest a large sum of money and run a great risk of losing it. You will readily see that it will be an easy matter to make from $10 to $100 per week, and establish a lucrative, and independent business, honorable, straightforward and profitable. Attend to this matter NOW for there is MONEY IN IT for all who engage with us. We will surprise you and you will wonder why you never wrote to us before. WE SEND FULL PARTICULARS FREE. Address

BUCKEYE M'F'G CO.,

(Name this paper.) MARION, OHIO.

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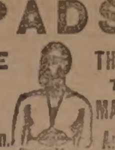

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CURE simply BY Absorption.

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For sale by all druggists—or sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price. The Absorption Salt is not "mailable" and must be sent by Express at purchaser's expense.

The success of Holman's Pads has inspired imitators who offer Pads similar in form and odor to the TRUE HOLMAN'S, saying "they are the same, &c." Beware of all Bogus Pads, only gotten up to sell on the reputation of the genuine.

See that each Pad bears the green private revenue stamp of the Holman Pad Company with above Trade-Mark.

If afflicted with chronic ailments send a concise description of symptoms, which will receive prompt and careful attention.

Dr. Holman's advice is free. Full treatise sent free on application. Address,

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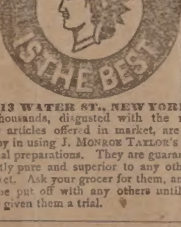
CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE—the safest and best; acts instantaneously, producing the most natural shades of black or brown; does not stain the skin; is easily applied. A standard preparation; a favorite upon every well appointed toilet for lady or gentleman. Sold by all druggists and ... J. CRISTADORO ...



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Full Line 5-hook, all shades, every pair warranted.

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Fifty doz. 3-button $1.25 Kid Gloves for only $1.00; every pair warranted.

Twenty doz. 2-button $1.00 Kid Gloves for only 75 cents; every pair warranted.

Extra quality 3-button Kids at 50 and 75 cents.

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Call and examine for yourselves.

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Overcoats and Suits in the Most Taking Styles!

OVERCOATS at $2.00, 2.50, 3.50, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 8.00, 10.00, 12.00, 15.00, 18.00, 20.00 and 25.00.

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ONE HUNDRED more of those custom-Made Genuine Campton Cloth suits, with pieces for mending. These Suits have become very popular since we first introduced them and are selling very rapidly. We call the special attention of the Gentlemen to our

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Five sizes made for Family Dairies. Four sizes for Factory use. All our goods are of perfect stock and the best workmanship. They are strong, simple, efficient, convenient and durable. They continue to be the Standard Churns of the Country.

We now furnish either Round or Square Top Churns, of the Family sizes, as may be preferred. Prices of both styles the same. Send for circulars of our *improved* Round Top Churn.

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In any quantity, by the barrel, bushel or gallon.

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Loans on Real Estate effected.

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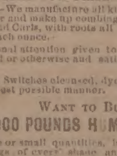

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ODORLESS.

For producing flowers and vigorous growth, it has no equal. Has stood the test for years, and always does all claimed for it. Is especially adapted for house plants and gardening, giving healthy and abundant flowers. Over 300,000 packages sold in 1881. Awarded the medal at the Mechanics' fair in Boston. Put up in packages at 10 and 25 cents each. dec28jsea 3m.

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A magnificent Stock of

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The largest stock in the State and best goods. All manufactured from selected hair and warranted to prove as recommended, or the money refunded, and will be sold, quality considered, at EXTREME LOW PRICES.

P. S.—We manufacture all kinds of hair work to order and make up combings into Switches, Puffs and Curls, with roots all one way, for 50 cents each ounce.

Personal attention given to orders through the mail or otherwise and satisfaction guaranteed.

Worn Switches cleansed, dyed or made over in the best possible manner. We also,

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1,000 POUNDS HUMAN HAIR,

In large or small quantities, including cut and combings of every shade and mixture from pure white to jet black, for which the highest market value will be paid.

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Repaired, Varnished or Painted;

Or, if you desire a NEW SLEIGH or BUGGY built, do you think you can do better than to try what

F. S. BATCHELDER,

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Can do? His shop is next the Town Hall. The prices very reasonable. jan12sly

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*The House Painter, Paper Hanger, Glazier and Grainer, is to be found on Pleasant St., Plymouth.* feb14sfin

American House,

North Main St., CONCORD, N. H.

Is adjacent to the Post Office and has been thoroughly repaired and newly furnished.

Terms—$1.50 per day; special rates to theatrical troupes. Hack in attendance to and from the depot for all trains free of charge.

BROWN & OTIS, Proprietors.

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Lager Beer

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*WHOLESALE and RETAIL.*

☞Families and Dealers supplied with the purest and freshest Lager Beer in Bottles or Kegs.

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PLYMOUTH

MARBLE WORKS,

MAIN ST., OPP. TOWN HALL,

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On hand and made to order, every style of *Monuments, Head Stones, Tablets, Markers, &c., in Italian and American Marbles,*

At prices as low as they can be furnished.

As I employ no solicitors, parties wanting Marble Work will save time and money by calling at the Works, or ordering by mail or otherwise. I also furnish Soapstone for stove linings or repairing. Foot Warmers, Griddles, &c., &c.

*Good Work and Square Work!*

☞All work guaranteed to be as represented

s-6-1y

### ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Crossley Smith, late of Ashland, deceased, intestate.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and all having claims to present them to the subscriber for adjustment.

EDWIN B. CURRIER, Admr.

Ashland, N. H., Dec. 22, 1881. a

*C. A. HUCKINS,*

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Concord Wagons,

Piano and Ivers Buggies, Freight and Farm Wagons made to order.

ASHLAND, N. H. ma26a

Hughes & Huckins,

DEALERS IN

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Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Flour, Meal, Hair, Lime, Cement, Paints, Oils, Agricultural Implements, etc. Also, dealers in Bowker's, Stockbridge's Standard, and Coe's Phosphates.

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Manufacturer and Jobber of

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OF ALL KINDS.

Custom-made Clothing

CARPETINGS,

Walnut and Gilt Picture Frames, Mouldings, Brackets, Looking-Glass Plates, Mirrors, Mats, Glass, Chromos, Picture-Knobs, Mattresses, Spring Beds and Lounges, etc., etc. Also, Agent for RUDEL'S PATENT

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*ASHLAND, - - N. H.*

PEASE & BATCHELDER,

AUCTION & COMMISSION HOUSE,

THOMPSON'S BLOCK.

Goods sold at private sale every evening; also will be open during the day Tuesdays and Saturdays; auction Tuesday and Saturday evenings.

These sales will not be confined to any one class of goods, but will include general merchandise. Any one wishing to sell goods under the hammer can put them in at a small commission. Positively no goods received to be bid in, as these sales are all positive and genuine. The ladies are especially invited to attend. Terms Cash.

ASHLAND, N. H.

aug25s2m.

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And dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, all kinds of Sewing Machines repaired; also Agent for the New Household Sewing Machine. Organs sold on instalments. If you want Pictures Framed, call and see my new stock of Frames.

MAIN STREET, - - ASHLAND, N. H.

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AGENTS wanted, to sell Edison's Musical Telephone and Edison's Instantaneous Piano and Organ Music. Enclose stamp for catalogue and terms.

EDISON MUSIC CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

jes.6m.dec20

# THE NEWS.

## Gleanings in New England.

### Death of an Old Citizen.

David P. Nichols, treasurer of Connecticut, died recently at Danbury, aged 70. He was a native of that city, and had held many public offices, including that of member of the Legislature, special bank commissioner and state treasurer in 1869, '71 and '82. In 1880 he was elected to the same office for two years.

### Dull Cattle Trade.

Boston's export trade in live stock and dressed beef was unprofitable last year, and will probably remain so for some months to come. The bad weather that ships meet at this season is a temporary cause of the present depression, but the high rates of insurance and the daintiness of the English market have oppressed the trade throughout the year. The trade is greatly harrassed by the difficulty which exporters meet with in insuring against loss by the landing of maimed and damaged cattle, as the usual risks secure them against only sea-sickness and death. The foreign demand for prime cattle, which has been large during the year, has fallen off of late, and as Boston's market is regulated largely by this demand, prices have sank over half a cent per pound.

### Suicide.

John R. Hanson, of Manchester, N. H., aged about 57 years, was found dead in his private office recently, with the door locked on the inside. He was very much respected. He leaves a daughter, widow and stepson. His domestic relations are said to have been unpleasant. The theory of suicide is generally believed.

### The Liquor Question.

The liquor question will be brought before the Connecticut Legislature on behalf of the druggists. A bill will be presented as an amendment of the act licensing the sale of poisons by pharmacists, which will provide that pharmacists may get from the county commissioners license to sell liquors under $1000 bonds. A fee of $25 is to get a license to sell to responsible persons any spirituous drinks, not to be drank on the premises; and a fee of $5 secures license to sell pure alcohol to any one, and spirituous liquors for medical or chemical purposes.

### Another Railroad.

The prospect of the proposed Ponaganset railroad are still declared good, and its corporators have just had a meeting at Willimantic, Ct. The line will be known as the Providence, Ponaganset and Springfield railroad, and will run from Providence to the Connecticut state line at Killingly, and thence go through the towns of Brooklyn, Pomfret, Eastford, Ashford, Willington and Stafford to the state line. The capital stock will be at least $1,000,000.

### Temperance Movement.

The Massachusetts temperance alliance held its annual meeting at Boston, and re-elected Rev. A. A. Miner president and C. A. Hovey secretary and treasurer. The secretary's report finds that the strength of the prohibition cause in the hearts of the people rather than on the surface, and throws responsibility for the license law on the dominant party. There are 78 towns that voted on the question of license, the aggregate vote being 97,000 for and 10,540 against license. The alliance will petition the Legislature for a prohibitory law.

The dam above the Greenwich print works at East Greenwich, R. I., gave way recently, and a large volume of water swept down upon the works with disastrous effects. The dye house, drying house, and packing house were each partly wrecked. The loss is about $20,000. There was no loss of life.

J. C. Page of Warner, N. H., a one-armed pensioner, has chopped twenty-five cords of birch wood, picked 125 bushels of apples, and husked 100 bushels of corn during the past fall.

The steamer C. H. Northam, of New Haven, Ct., which has been on the rocks near Blackwell's island for a short time past, was successfully floated off the other day. Her timbers are not strained, and the damage to the boat is said not to exceed $15,000.

It is unlawful to hunt deer with dogs in Maine, and the people of Bedding on, to break up the practice, are hunting the dogs. They offer a bounty of $10 for every dead hound, and 14 have already been killed.

Maine built last year 55 vessels with a total tonnage of 58,922 tons, against a tonnage of 35,847 in 1880, 37,584 tons in 1879 and 41,000 tons in 1878. The vessels built last year comprise 9 ships, 4 barks, 1 brig, 5 steamers, 31 schooners and 5 sloops.

Hartford's, Ct., corporations have gained by the past year's rise in prices $2,954,453. The increase January 1, 1880, over January 1, 1879, was $5,810,573, making for the two years an increase of $8,765,026, over $12,000 per day, Sundays and all.

Sewall Cole of Grafton, N. H., died recently from blood-poisoning, caused by allowing the blood of hogs to get into a slight wound in his thumb while butchering.

Miles Hoyt fell from a load of tobacco in Bethlehem, Ct., a few days ago, and was killed. The wheels passed over his head, and crushed his skull into a shapeless mass.

The estate of Judge Fox of Portland, Me., has been appraised at $250,000, of which he gives $1000 each to the aged women's home, female orphan asylum, provident and widows' wood societies. The rest is bequeathed to his relatives.

The Old Colony iron company's new tack-plate mill at East Taunton, Mass., to employ 75 hands, opens this month. The mill is 180 by 130 feet, and will use a 350-horse-power engine from the Corliss works at Providence.

The Pacific bank of Boston has once more decided to go on, and has induced Lewis Coleman to accept the presidency. It is reported that the directors of the Central bank took some action which encouraged the Pacific to resume.

A small piece of planed board was picked up on Hurricane island, Me., recently, on one side of which was written "John A. Nanes, schooner Wild Pigeon, Gloucester, Mass.," and on the other, "Henry Vanderwood, Waltham, Mass.," and the word "lost."

Rev. J. C. Brooks, pastor of the Eliot-square Unitarian church, Boston, has resigned, and goes to Europe to study.

Jonathan Holbrook & Son's cider manufactory at South Sherborn, Mass., said to be the largest in the country, has refined 800,000 gallons of cider the past season, and shipped most of it to England.

Monticello, Me., recently lost by death Christopher Miller, a man of 90, who fought against Napoleon at Waterloo and took part in other noted battles. Once, for some misdemeanor while in the navy, he got 800 lashes on the bare back, but lived through it, although his back carried the myriad marks to the grave.

Jacob Mason, a colored man of 23 years, who cut and bruised Chief of Police Rice, at Pawtucket, R. I., is let off on the plea of insanity.

Addison W. Ray, the young man who was charged with burning his mother's barn last fall at Cumberland, R. I., was defended on the plea of insanity, but the jury have found him guilty and but for a technical objection to the indictment he would have got a hard sentence.

There is a rumor of consolidation of the New York and Hartford and the New Haven and New York steamboat companies in the carrying of freight and passengers.

Rev. Dr. Bowen has given up his pastorate of the Free Baptist church of Auburn, Me., and is trying to raise $100,000 for Bates college.

Dr. Mason of Fryeburg, Me., declines his call to the Union-street Congregational church of St. John, N. B.

The Connecticut valley railroad company show signs of beginning work on their extension in the spring. Many farmers are getting out ties along the route, and at Granby have delivered them.

Annie McKenna's hair caught in the revolving iron shaft of a laundry on Brattle St., Boston, and the scalp and ears were torn clear off.

A number of deaths from diphtheria have occurred at North Walpole, N. H.

Forty persons died in Winchester, N. H., during the year just closed, of whom fourteen had passed the age of seventy.

A silver medal was recently returned to Ezekiel Peck of Troy, N. H., after being lost forty-three years. It bears the inscription, "Presented by Lieut. Comdt. Alexander to Ezekiel Peck for best shot at target," and upon the reverse side bears the date, "Sept. 23, 1827." It was found by the present owner of Mr. Peck's old farm in Vermont.

The $10,000 suit against J. F. Scruton of Farmington, N. H., for selling liquor to the man Conney, who, while drunk, killed his son, has been settled by Scruton paying Mrs. Conney $100.

James Mason, 40 years old, was playing in the band on the United States steamer New Hampshire at Newport, R. I., when he suddenly dropped his instrument and leaped over the rail into the water. It took ten minutes to get him out, and life was then extinct.

## TEMPERANCE.

Spell "murder" backward, and you have its cause. Spell "red rum" in the same manner, and you see its effect.

The nerve cells are built up and kept in adequate repair by the nutritive plasma from the blood. This process is essentially a healthy function, the health of the mind as well as of the body.—*Dr. Norman Kerr of England.*

The queen of Madagascar, in a recent proclamation forbidding her subjects either to sell or drink rum, says: 'I cannot take a revenue from anything that will debase and degrade my people." And this woman is called a pagan.

The historic fact which Prof. Agassiz stated of every scientific reform, applies to temperance. It has had to go through three stages of progress in this country. "First, people said it was in conflict with the Bible; next, they said it had been discovered before; and lastly, they said they always believed it." When the reform commenced in the Church, the Bible was declared opposed to it. Now the temperance reform—moral, social, and political—is built upon the Bible, and the great body of the Christian churches of our country profess total abstinence as the Bible doctrine against intoxicating drinks. The Christian churches of England and other nations are rising up from the slough of intemperance, in which too many of them had been involved, and are advancing to the standard raised by the churches of our land, that the manufacture, sale, and use of intoxicating beverages are crimes against God and man.

### Heredity.

The heredity of alcohol is now beyond dispute. It is no mere dream of an abstemious enthusiast, but the operation of a natural law; no fanciful creation of a nephalian brain, but an acknowleged fact. Men and women on whom this dread inheritance has been forced without their consent are everywhere around us, in addition, during the whole period of utero-gestation, wields a special influence on the unborn child. Exact records are wanting, but I have remarked a preponderance of the maternal influence in the causation of alcoholic heredity in many cases in family practice.

Alcoholism seems to impair the vital properties of the fecundating material, and thus from the very beginning the child of one or two intemperate parents is burdened with an inherited constitutional idiosyncracy. Then the depraved moral sense is transmitted, just as are other heritable mental and moral defects. When the heredity is from the mother, it seems to me that it arises mainly from the defective nutrition of the nervous centers, of the cerebral and spinal substance, during the entire uterine career. The continued action of nervine stimulants modifies the nutrition of the nervous system, and it is this acquired perversion of the normal nutrition of the nervous system which is conveyed from parent to child and constitutes heredity in alcohol.

### Marching On.

Now as the last thing in reply to these graceful words or welcome, we are here because it is just like women to give, for the sake of love, all that we have. When we started out in this work some people criticised, some jeered, and some came to say, "Well, they never will accomplish anything by it." But we have lived to see the crusade bands spread until they touch finger tips from ocean to ocean—these union bands of prayer and work. We have lived to see the wine glass banished from many a home, and thousands on thousands of reformed men rise to a new manhood, and standing shoulder to shoulder fight their way back to a ransomed manhood. If you put down your ear and listen you shall hear the tramp, tramp, tramp, of ten thousand little feet, some of them in kid slippers, some of them in copper-toed shoes, and some of them, bless their dear little hearts, barefoot, with the pledge in their hand, that says "Our lips shall never be tarnished by profanity or tobacco, and our brains never crazed by rum." And these are the disciples of the W. C. T. U.—*Our Union.*

## WORTHY OF IMITATION.

One of the most beautiful charities of London is the Children's penny dinner association. This had its rise in a winter of great severity, and in an experience which taught that hundreds of little ones die simply from impaired vitality. Underfed, they are unable to bear up against the privations of winter, and the churchyards are crowded in the dreary winter months with childish bodies which, under happier circumstances, would have blossomed into maturity. The idea was conceived that even one nourishing dinner a week might stay the terrible death record, and results have shown that even that scanty allowance of solid, well-cooked food is prolific in good results. Such touching instances, too, occur of self forgetfulness and self-denial on the part of children.

One terribly bleak day last winter, a little half-frozen child presented her ticket, value two cents, which made her the owner of a seat at the dinner table. The little one looked famished, weird, worn out, one would have said, with starvation; but the plate of appetizing roast mutton remained untouched before her. Observing this, a lady went up to her and asked in tones of kindly accent if she could not eat a little. "You look so hungry, dear," she said: "don't you like roast mutton?" The little one raised a pair of blue eyes to her face and said, Oh yes, ma'am but—" "Well, dear, what?" "But, please, ma'am, the new baby's come, and mother's so dreadful weak, and I—" The child hesitated, then, gathering confidence from the kindly smile that met her glance, added, "I thought it would do her good."

At Paris, Lyons, and in the great towns of France there are individuals who live by tattooing. In the regiment or in the workshop one person recommends them to another. Sometimes they are to be found at public houses and often they operate at fairs. These men have albums full of designs from which a choice can be made. The ordinary price is fifty centimes a subject. The materials employed are generally Indian ink, vermillion, and charcoal.

## The Old and New Worlds

### Bad Failure.

The Russian Novosti announces the insolvency of the grand society of railways, and the misappropriation of 25,000,000 roubles of government money on the Nicolas line. An imperial commission of inquiry will be appointed, under the direction of the ministers of finance and communication. A proposal has been made by the state controller to take the railway from the control of the society.

### Strange Delusion.

Miss Chloe Ann Violet, who began a fast 60 days ago in Alexandria, Va., under an insane delusion that God had commanded her to commit suicide by fasting, died recently. Although she claims to have begun the fast about 60 days ago, she was not all that time without nourishment. Several times a small portion of milk was introduced without discovery into the water she drank, and lately meat extracts have been given as medicine. There seems to be no doubt, however, that she was without food for 43 consecutive days.

### Panic in a Church.

During the funeral of Rev. Simon Kuklchenhoelter at Salem Evangelical church, in Quincy, Ill., a frightful panic occurred. In the rush for the street some 40 persons were injured—six, all ladies, seriously. The church is one of the largest in the city, and was filled with friends of the deceased. All standing room in the aisles and about the doors was occupied. Soon after the services commenced a panic occurred. It is said that a seat in the gallery broke down. The people in the vicinity thought the gallery was giving way, and a rush commenced. Men, women and children poured out of the doors leading from the main floor and galleries, into the hall leading to the street. All efforts to stop them were fruitless. The people were frantic and would listen to nothing. In less than two minutes the doorway was blocked, and the scene that followed was indescribable.

### Horrible Slaughter.

Intelligence has been received which confirms the report from Cape Coast castle of the massacre of 200 young girls by order of the king of Ashantee. The girls were prisoners who had been purposely captured for the massacre in raids on neighboring tribes.

### Graveyard Ghouls.

The vaults of Chiselhurst have not been in any way tampered with. A telegram was received at Chiselhurst from Paris giving warning against bodysnatchers; hence the rumor published by the Central news association that an attempt had been made to steal the bodies of Napoleon III and the prince imperial. In view of the alarm, however, the mausoleum will be connected with the priest's house by an electric burglar alarm wire. A force of police are also on duty at the tomb.

### Severe Suffering.

The five men saved from the schooner Almon Bird had a terrible time. They were sailing from Windsor, N. S., to Alexandria, Va., and the recent storm ripped up hatches and decks, and filled the schooner with water. The captain, C. A. Packard, with his seven men got into a light boat with scant food and clothing and no water, and were not picked up till four days later. Three of the men died, the second mate among them, and the men, before giving them to the deep, cut their veins and drank their blood. The crew were badly frozen, and two of them will probably not recover.

### Conflict Impending.

Since the parliamentary conflict 20 years ago, so deep and universal a sensation has never been created as by the rescript addressed to the Prussian ministry. The gravity of the situation is patent to everybody. The press, generally, condemns Emperor William's action.

### Deciding Against the United States.

The British cabinet refuses to recognize, as inconsistent with international law in general, and with the Clayton-Bulwer treaty in particular, the claims of the United States to exercise entire control over the Panama canal, and says Lord Granville will explain to Minister Sackville West the grounds upon which this decision is based.

### Riot in Paris.

While a procession, composed of 300 persons, was proceeding to the Pere la Chaise cemetery to commemorate the anniversary of the death of M. Blanqui, some of those in line became objectionably demonstrative, and the police were obliged to interfere. Twenty-three persons were arrested, including Louis Michel, the well-known socialist.

The Emperor William has received congratulations from the czar on the advent of the new year, and on the 75th anniversary of his entrance into the army.

A duel was fought in the vicinity of Belleville, N. J., a few days ago, between two young men of prominence in Newark society, who had quarreled about a lady. Shots were exchanged, but the results cannot be ascertained. The principals stood at a distance of ten yards.

Two Mormon missionaries who attempted to conduct a service in one of the suburbs of London, England, the other day, were roughly handled.

A saloon kept by two Germans at Palestine Indiana, was recently blown up by dynamite by unknown persons. This is the second building lost by these men in this way within the past three months.

The Jewish committee in Vienna says that twelve Jews were killed in the riot at Warsaw.

News from the Choctaw nation says that a man named Rube Lucas assassinated Thompson McKinney, the former chief of the Choctaw council, in a horrible manner. Lucas stoned him to death. The crime is said to be the result of an old feud.

The New York chamber of commerce adopted a resolution, recommending early legislation by Congress which shall provide for the abolition of the stamp taxes on checks, proprietary articles, matches, etc.

The Brooklyn board of education have asked Henry Ward Beecher to explain on what authority he said in a recent sermon that school-teachers in that city obtained positions by underhanded methods.

James Isom 102 years old, died at Richmond, Ky., recently. He manufactured saltpeter for the American powder in the war of 1812.

The Austrian railways announce that they will reduce their rates on breadstuffs. This action is compelled by the approaching completion of the St. Gothard railway.

The question is mooted in Russian government circles, of imposing an export duty on grain of half a kopeck per hood, in order to increase the resources of the commissariat department.

The emperor of Russia has pardoned the Polish bishops exiled in 1864.

The Austrian government has decided to send a reinforcement of 7000 troops to pacify the inhabitants of Krivoscie.

The entire tenantry of the town land of Lucks, in North Tipperary, Ireland, were evicted. The military were present during the proceedings.

Dr. E. Adams, assistant medical superintendent at the Michigan insane asylum at Kalamazoo, was fatally stabbed by a patient while making his daily rounds. The patient was hitherto supposed harmless.

Havemeyer & Elder's immense sugar refinery in Williamsburg, N. Y., was destroyed by fire recently. Loss nearly $2,000,000.

Gen. Garibaldi has been severely bruised on the herd and limbs by the upsetting of his carriage.

## Matters in Washington.

### Guiteau's Trial.

The testimony in the Guiteau trial is closed. Most of the testimony offered by Mr. Scoville for the defense was ruled out by Judge Cox. Dr. Beard of N. Y., was called to the stand by Mr. Scoville, who said he wished to show that in this doctor's opinion Guiteau was insane on July 2, but the court excluded the testimony. Chief Brooks of the secret service testified that he talked with the assassin at midnight on July 2, and again the next day, and that Guiteau told him he was not a murderer but a Christian gentleman, and had committed the act from patriotic motives to unite the republican party. It was a political necessity, and he had thought and prayed over it for six weeks, until he became satisfied he had to do it. When he witnessed the interview between Garfield and Blaine at Blaine's house, he made up his mind that they were still further conspiring against the liberties of the people, and that the President must die. Mr. Scoville asked permission to call several other witnesses, of whose existence he had learned since the case for the defense was closed, and whose testimony would be material on the subject of insanity, but Judge Cox refused to admit the testimony. Mr. Scoville proposed to the prosecution that three doctors who had been present throughout the trial, and had not been summoned by either side, should be called by the court to testify on the subject of the prisoner's insanity, without being questioned by any of the lawyers, and that their testimony should go to the jury without note or comment. Mr. Davidge, for the prosecution, declined. Guiteau, although interrupting the proceedings occasionally, was less noisy than usual.

While Mr. Scoville was at work in his little office, a man whom he did not know entered the room. He introduced himself, saying he had come on a business errand. He had, he added, a business proposition to make, and hoped that Mr. Scoville would then and there be ready to close with the offer. "I have come," said the man, "to offer you $1000 for the body of Guiteau." It was suggested that possibly Guiteau might escape the gallows. The man said he had thought of all that, but felt so confident of Guiteau's conviction and hanging that he was ready to run the risk. He would pay Mr. Scoville $1000 upon the contract to deliver to him the dead body of Guiteau, and he would take the risk of Guiteau not being hanged. He was extremely anxious to close the bargain at once, and seemed somewhat relieved when he learned that Mr. Scoville had not otherwise disposed of the body, nor, in fact, had received any proposition for it. This proposition was submitted to Guiteau, and seemed to impress him favorably. After reflecting a moment, he said: "I think I ought to bring more than that. Perhaps some other fellow will offer $2000. Then I can pay my debts, and if I get a new trial that miserable Corkhill can't bring on a lot of fellows just to swear how much I owe them." Mr. Scoville has accepted the offer, and will use the $1000 to pay off the debts which Guiteau has incurred in his roving career.

One of the law points submitted to Judge Cox by the defense, and upon which he will rule, is that if the jury believe Guiteau was mentally responsible for the act, but that he shot the President without malice, the wound being inflicted in the District of Columbia, and death occurring subsequently in New Jersey, then the prisoner is guilty of manslaughter, and the jury should so find. This is based upon section 5341 of the United States Statutes at Large, and is regarded as the forlorn hope of the defense. The fact that death occurred outside the District of Columbia does not appear to be an essential part of the claim, as under the statute quoted the result is the same no matter where death occurs. The real ground of the claim is the alleged absence of malice.

### Explanation Needed.

The only business done in the marshal's office on the day set apart for the celebration of New Year's, was the issuance of a release from jail on an order of Judge Cox, for Capt. H. W. Howgate, who is confined on charges of embezzling some $160,000 from the government. Capt. Howgate was on this release allowed to spend New Year's Day with his friends outside the jail. This action was the cause of much unfavorable comment among members of the bar, and the question was asked why an exception should be made in this case when, of the 190 prisoners in the jail, probably thirty are there for simple offenses.

### A Mighty Man.

The new Chinese minister at Washington, Tsao Ju Cheng, is described as a gigantic mandarin with a long, black mustache and shrewd, intelligent-looking features. His black eyes sparkle with merriment, and though nearly 60 years old, he looks no more than 40. When he reached Washington his 26 followers ranged themselves on the platform in military file, and as the minister marched before them, followed by his spouse who was swathed in silk enough to stock a store, they bowed low, and saluted by rubbing the backs of their left hands with the palms of their right.

### Star Route Cases.

The evidence in the first star route case will be presented to the grand jury on the 21st inst. "I think we will succeed," said Postmaster-General James, who was interviewed. "Col. Bliss has been welding the scattered facts in this matter into a club with which to beat the thieves to the ground."

### Cadet Whittaker.

Judge Advocate-General Swaim, in reviewing the court-martial proceedings in the case of Cadet Whittaker, has raised the point that the court was illegally constituted, because it was ordered by President Hayes without any request from the department commander, and that, therefore, all the proceedings were void. It is argued that the power of the President to order an army court-martial is not inherent in him as a commander-in-chief; therefore all the proceedings are null and void.

### Gen. Kilpatrick's Death.

Details of the death of Gen. Judson Kilpatrick, late United States minister at Santiago de Chili, have reached the department of state. For five months prior to his death Gen. Kilpatrick had suffered intensely from Bright's disease, to such an extent as to incapacitate him almost completely from his official duties. In his responsible position, this preyed greatly on his mind. A few days before the end he rallied somewhat, the pain diminished and he seemed to be more cheerful and active. He died peacefully at 9.45 o'clock on the night of Dec. 2.

### Hero Rewarded.

John M. Unglaub, who had charge of the engine of the train bearing ex-President Hayes and family at the time of the accident on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, March 5, 1881, and who stood manfully at his post when in great danger, being badly injured, has recovered and was called upon recently by a personal friend of ex-President Hayes, who handed him a fine gold watch and chain, valued at $500, accompanied by a letter from Mr. and Mrs. Hayes, asking him to accept it as a token of their gratitude and memento of his coolness exhibited on that occasion.

### Star Route Men Arrested.

Samuel N. Hoyt, John N. Minnix, W. S. Barringer, J. W. Donahoe and E. J. Sweet, star route contractors and sureties on the alleged fraudulent bonds were arrested recently on warrants issued by Judge Snell of the police court and held for examination. It is understood that the arrests are based upon the report of Post-office Inspectors Tidball and Shallcross. A warrant was also issued for the arrest of A. E. Boone, the leader and manager of the so-called "Boone combination." The charges against the prisoners are understood to include perjury, conspiracy to defraud and other illegal practices connected with the furnishing of straw bonds for star route service.

### Garfield's Doctors.

Dr. Bliss has taken charge of the claims of all the physicians, and will present them to the congressional committee. It is understood that he will ask for himself $50,000, for Agnew and Hamilton $25,000 each, for Dr. Reyburn $8000, and for Dr. Boynton and Mrs. Dr. Edson $1000 each. Dr. Woodward and Surg.-Gen. Barnes get nothing because they were in government employ, and it is said they are to be promoted by way of recompense for their services. In answer to what was to go to the railroads, a friend of Dr. Bliss remarked that he understood from the doctor that the Pennsylvania road had refused to take anything, and that the state of Ohio would pay some other expenses, amounting to about $200,000.

### Letter of Lincoln's.

Gen. Burbridge of Kentucky, in defending himself from attacks relative to his action in Kentucky as a military officer during the war, among some of his correspondence offered the following characteristic letter of President Lincoln:

Washington, D. C., 1864.

Gen. Burbridge, Lexington, Ky.: I hear that you arrested my relative, Mrs. Helm, and released her on her showing you a letter from me. If it contains anything that allows her to talk or act treason, disregard it and treat her as you do other rebels. A. Lincoln.

The secretary of the national board of health reports that the health officers of the country are indisposed to report on small-pox. It is most virulent and prevalent in Philadelphia and Chicago. Cases occur all over the country.

Appearances indicate that Gen. Fitz John Porter will be restored to the army list, and he will then be placed on the retired list, a major-general.

There is something soft and tender in the fall of a single snow-flake, but it always reminds us to look after our bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup—our old stand-by in the days of coughs and colds—for we have always found it reliable.

## READY WITS.

When Sheridan was hard-up for cash, he used to make his wits earn the means of subsistence; and he could accomplish this in no better way than by laying wagers with the prince regent. A discussion once arose as to the respective walking capabilities of turkeys and geese; and the wit expressed himself very incredulous of the assertion that turkeys would walk twice as far as geese in a given space of time. He affected to believe that geese could be driven as fast on the road as turkeys; and the thing appeared so very absurd that the prince instantly laid him a heavy wager that such was not the case. Sheridan however, knowing the "early-to-bed" habits of turkeys, took care to arrange for a long distance to be traversed, and to fix the period of trial late in the afternoon. The consequence was that evening set in before the rival flocks had anything like arrived at their destination, and, although the turkeys outstripped the geese at first, as the shades of night fell they refused to be driven forward, and got flying up on to the branches of the trees at the roadside. The geese however were driven steadily forward to the goal and the prince as usual lost his wager.

Mr. George Drake, 48 Oak street, Indianapolis, Ind., suffered terribly with water rheumatism. He used St. Jacobs Oil and was entirely cured.—*N. Y. Spirit of the Times.*

Near-site-ed.—The man whose heels flew up.

A Holyoke, Mass., exchange alludes to the cure of D. O. Judd, Esq., U. S. Supervisor of Postal Card Manufactory, who was cured by St. Jacobs Oil of rheumatism and neuralgia.—*Bridgeport (Conn.) Standard.*

In Cornwall the holly used to be, and perhaps is now, called "Aunt Mary's tree," "aunt" being a term of endearment in that locality; therefore the inhabitants call the Virgin "Aunt Mary."

Young men and middle-aged ones, suffering from nervous debility and kindred weaknesses, send three stamps for Part VII of Dime Series Books. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

The modern spinning-wheel.—The bicycle.

Men who have sprung from the ranks.—Deserters.

### "Became Sound and Well."

Hatcher's Station, Ga., March, 27, 1876.
R. V. Pierce, M. D.: Dear Sir—My wife, who had been ill for over two years and had tried many other medicines, became sound and well by using your "Favorite Prescription." My niece was also cured by its use, after several physicians had failed to do her any good. Yours truly, THOMAS J. METHVIN.

Santa Barbara, Cal., has scored a triumph. The gas company charged so outrageously that the public took to kerosene. As a result, the gas company now offers to reduce the price from $6 to $3 per 1000 feet.

Sick and bilious headache, and all derangements of stomach and bowels, cured by Dr. Pierce's "Pellets"—or anti-bilious granules. 25 cents a vial. No cheap boxes to allow waste of virtues. By druggists.

He that lies down with dogs must expect to rise up with fleas.

Empty vessels make the greatest sound.

### The Best Proof of Merit

Is uniform success, and on this basis Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure is without doubt one of the greatest remedies in the land.

Under electric light blondes appear as "sickly human plants."

Vegetine.—It extends its influence into every part of the human organism, commencing with its foundation; correcting diseased action, and restoring vital powers, creating a healthy formation and purification of the blood, driving out disease, and leaving Nature to perform its allotted task.

To make new hair grow, use Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum. This natural petroleum hair renewer, as recently improved, is the only thing that will really produce new hair. It is a delightful dressing.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms, also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal.

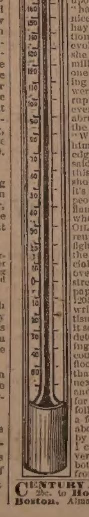
The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation, a medical work for every man—young, middle-aged or old. 125 invaluable prescriptions.

### RESCUED FROM DEATH.

William J. Coughlin of Somerville Mass, says: "In he fall of 1876 I was taken with bleeding of the lungs, followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lungs as big as half a dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of Dr. William Hall's Balsam for the Lungs. I got a bottle, when, to my surprise, I commenced to feel better, and to-day I feel better than for three years past. I write this, hoping every one afflicted with diseased lungs will take Dr. William Hall's Balsam, and be convinced that consumption can be cured. I can positively say it has done more good than all the other medicines I have taken since my sickness."

ALLEN'S Brain Food cures Nervous Debility and Weakness of Generative Organs, $1—all druggists. Send for Circular. Allen's Pharmacy, 313 First av., N.Y.
N E 2

THE COUNTRYMAN
IN THE
Weather Signal Office.



Mr. Jeremiah Toadvine, of the rural district, brought a letter of introduction to the United States Signal Officer, and by the latter gentleman was shown the beautiful scientific instruments for measuring and determining the various changes and conditions of the weather. Pointing to the standard thermometer he explained to Mr. T. the uses of the heat gauge, whereupon Mr. T. anxiously inquired if he "hadn't nuther un to spare—sich a nice merchine to sot the weather in hayin' and harvest time." His inspection of the aerometer or wind measurer evoked the expression: "Wouldn't she be the racket to run the wind mill with." The barometer was one too many for Toadvine, and, looking queerly at the official, as if he were utterly nonplussed and bankrupt of words, said: "Friend, did you ever have the reumatis?" The abruptness of the question surprised the officer, who replied, "No—never." "What"—— Evidently recollecting himself, Mr. T. stopped on the ragged edge of the threadbare remark, and said: "I only wanted to know, for if this trap (pointing to the barometer) shows the good an' bad weather afore it's time, it would be a bully trap for people with reumatis; they could flank it every time. Up my country when folks has it they use St. Jacobs Oil, an' it's a powerful argyment agin reumatis—it's the upper dorg in the fight every time." With thanks for the unexpected information, the official politely turned Mr. Toadvine over to the usher to show him to the street car, while he, looking over his paper, read: "Mrs. T. A. Gist, No. 1204 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa., writes: I had inflammatory rheumatism very badly. In one foot and ankle it seemed to have taken hold with the determination to stay, and the morning I obtained the St. Jacobs Oil I could not put my foot down to the floor, even for an instant. I used it that evening for the first time, and the next morning for the second time, and that afternoon put my foot down for several minutes. On the Sunday following I could stand up and walk a few steps. On Tuesday could walk about my room and went down stairs by holding on to the banisters. Now I can walk quite well and there is very little pain left. Just think! one bottle and a half, and I am almost free from pain! It is a wonderful medicine.

CENTURY ALMANAC.—Agts. wanted. Send 2c. to Howard Co., 72 Green street, Boston. Almanac and special terms by return mail.

### That the Constitution is Wrecked

By periodically recurring attacks of malaria, if they are not arrested, is a fact too amply proven by the haggard looks, worn frames and nervous debility of those who have felt the malign influence for any length of time, to admit of reasonable doubt. To temporize with the disease is to incur physical evils, soon felt and very serious. The pleasant and safe specific, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, roots out the disease and prevents its return, and is also a curative for the debilitating effects of dyspepsia, as well as for irregularity of the bowels and kidneys, and for rheumatism. It restores diminished nervous energy, and is a general appetizer and cheering corrective. Bilious symptoms are removed by it, and constipation, flatulence, heartburn, and other indicia of a derangement of the organs of assimilation and secretion, are overcome by it, with their cause. Convincing and abundant testimony establishes the above facts.

It is estimated that there are 60,000 commercial travelers in the United States.

Vegetine

Gives Me Rest and a Good Appetite.

Marsh Ohio, Dec. 14, 1878.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—I have been afflicted with Rheumatism for twenty years. I heard a great deal about Vegetine, and was recommended by a physician of this city to take the Vegetine. I was so that I could not walk. Also had a terrible swelling in the leg, and I was cured by the Vegetine. Before taking it I was restless and could not sleep. Since taking it, it has given me rest and a good appetite. I can highly recommend it for what it has done for me.
MISS E. A. VANTILBURG,
Short Street.

Canker in the Stomach.

18 Dana Place, Boston Highlands,
May 15, 1878.

Friend Grose:—In reply to your inquiry as to the merits of the "Vegetine" which from your representation I was induced to use in my family, I will simply state that for years my daughter has been badly afflicted with Canker in the Stomach, rendering her life merely an existence. I could find no remedy that would meet her case, until, at your suggestion I tried the Vegetine. This, to my great surprise, has proved efficacious, and I may say remarkably so, as she is now in the enjoyment of rude health. If my testimony is of any value to the proprietor, I can cheerfully and conscientiously recommend it in cases of this kind, as I have given it a thorough trial.
I remain, yours truly,
GEO. R. WILLIAMS.

Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Piles.

431 1-2 West 5th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

H. R. STEVENS, Boston:

I have been troubled with Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Piles for a number of years, and have used your Vegetine and am now perfectly well, and take great pleasure in recommending it to the afflicted. You can refer any dealers of this city to me if you wish. I am, dear sir,
Yours resp'y,
WILLIAM GROSSMITH.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Dr. BULL'S
COUGH
SYRUP

A POSITIVE CURE
NYROXOLINE
CURES Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Face-Ache, Back-Ache, Lumbago, Lame Back, Pains in the Limbs, Weakness of the Spine, Sciatica, etc.
Cures where physicians fail. Try it before using poison drugs. Druggists keep it. Mailed on receipt of price, $1. Briggs & Wadsworth, 32 New Church St., New York.

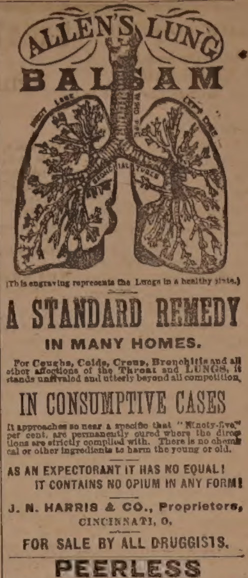
One Dollar
A YEAR.
The Best Story Paper in the West. 48 columns of original and choicely-selected reading matter, printed upon large, plain type. Issued Weekly, and mailed to any address in the United States, postage paid, for One Dollar a Year. Every new subscriber gets a premium. Send for sample copy. Address
CHICAGO LEDGER, Chicago, Ill.

40 ALL CHROMO CARDS, latest styles, with name on in nice card type. Every tenth order will receive the two elegant Oil Chromos size 9 x 11, Martha and George Washington. This is no humbug. WEST TROY, N. Y., CARD CO., B x 419.

SALARY & EXPENSES PAID. Men wanted to sell Fruit Trees, etc. No experience required. WRITE FOR PARTICULARS. LeClare & Mychemore, Boston, Mass.

DIARY FREE for 1882, with improved Interest Table, Calendar, etc. Sent to any address on receipt of two Three-Cent Stamps. Address CHARLES E. HIRES, 48 N. Delaware Ave., Phila.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM



(This engraving represents the Lungs in a healthy state.)

A STANDARD REMEDY
IN MANY HOMES.
For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis and all other affections of the Throat and LUNGS, it stands unrivaled and utterly beyond all competition.

IN CONSUMPTIVE CASES
It approaches so near a specific that "Ninety-five" per cent. are permanently cured where the directions are strictly complied with. There is no chemical or other ingredients to harm the young or old.

AS AN EXPECTORANT IT HAS NO EQUAL!
IT CONTAINS NO OPIUM IN ANY FORM!

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Proprietors,
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"WILSONIA."
WILLIAM WILSON,
Medical Electrician,
465 Fulton St., Brooklyn,

May be consulted daily from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. free of charge. "THE WILSONIA" MAGNETIC GARMENTS will cure every form of disease, no matter of how long standing. ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND CURES in Brooklyn and New York. WINTER IS UPON US. PROTECT YOURSELVES against asthma or consumption by wearing "WILSONIA" clothing. Cold feet are the precursors of endless ills that flesh is heir to. Wear the "WILSONIA" soles and avoid such danger.
TAKE MEDICINE AND DIE. WEAR "WILSONIA" AND LIVE.
BEWARE OF FRAUDS. Bogus garments are on the market. The "WILSONIA" is studded with metallic eyelets, showing the metals on the face. All others are frauds. Send for pamphlets containing testimonials from the best people in America who have been cured after all forms of medicine had failed. Note our addresses:
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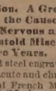
NO. 695 BROADWAY,
NO. 1337 BROADWAY, } NEW YORK.
NO. 2310 THIRD AVE.,
NO. 44 FOURTH STREET, NEAR SOUTH EIGHTH STREET, BROOKLYN, E. D.

DIPHTHERIA!
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives, sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass., formerly Bangor, Maine.

A DELIGHT, AND ECONOMY.
Pure Flavoring Extracts. WOODS Genuine Selected Spices.
THOS. WOOD & CO., BOSTON.



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NEW RICH BLOOD!
Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sold everywhere or sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass., formerly Bangor, Me.

ASTHMA CURED.
German Asthma Cure never fails to give immediate relief in the worst cases, insures comfortable sleep; effects cures where all others fail. A trial convinces the most skeptical. Price, 50c. and $1.00 of Druggists or by mail. Sample FREE for stamp. Dr. R. SCHIFFMAN, St. Paul, Minn.

DON'T FAIL to send 3-ct. stamp for the most complete Catalogue of TYPE, BORDERS, CUTS, PRESSES, &C. LOWEST PRICES. LARGEST VARIETY. NATIONAL TYPE CO., 56 South Third Street, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

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For the Treatment of WOUNDS, BURNS, SORES, CUTS, CHILBLAINS, SKIN DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, HEMORRHOIDS, Etc. Also for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Croup and Diphtheria, etc.
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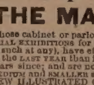

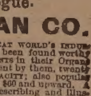

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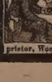
Improvements---New Styles---New Catalogue.
THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.
Whose cabinet or parlor organs have won HIGHEST HONORS AT EVERY ONE of the GREAT WORLD'S INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS for FOURTEEN YEARS (being the only American organs which have been found worthy of such at any), have effected MORE and GREATER PRACTICALLY VALUABLE IMPROVEMENTS in their Organs in the LAST YEAR than in any similar period since the first introduction of this instrument by them, twenty years since; and are now offering ORGANS OF HIGHER EXCELLENCE and ENLARGED CAPACITY; also popular MEDIUM and SMALLER STYLES of IMPROVED QUALITY, and at LOWER PRICES: $22, $30, $54, $60 and upward. A NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE, 36 pp., 4to.; is now ready (October, 1881), fully describing and illustrating more than 100 styles of Organs. This, with *net prices*, and circulars containing much information about organs generally, which will be useful to every one thinking of purchasing, will be sent *free and postpaid*. Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont Street, BOSTON; 46 East 14th Street, NEW YORK; or 149 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO.



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Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent Physicians and receiving no benefit, I was compelled during the last five years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath; my sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE for ASTHMA or CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of Asthma in FIVE MINUTES, so the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Any person not fully satisfied after using one-third of a box can return the remainder to the proprietor and the money will be refunded, or send me your address for a trial package FREE OF CHARGE. Should your druggist not keep the remedy, I can send it by mail on receipt of the price $1.00. For sale by all Druggists. Address D. LANGELL, Proprietor, Wooster, Ohio, or ALBERT IMOARD, Manager, 46 Astor House Offices, New York City.